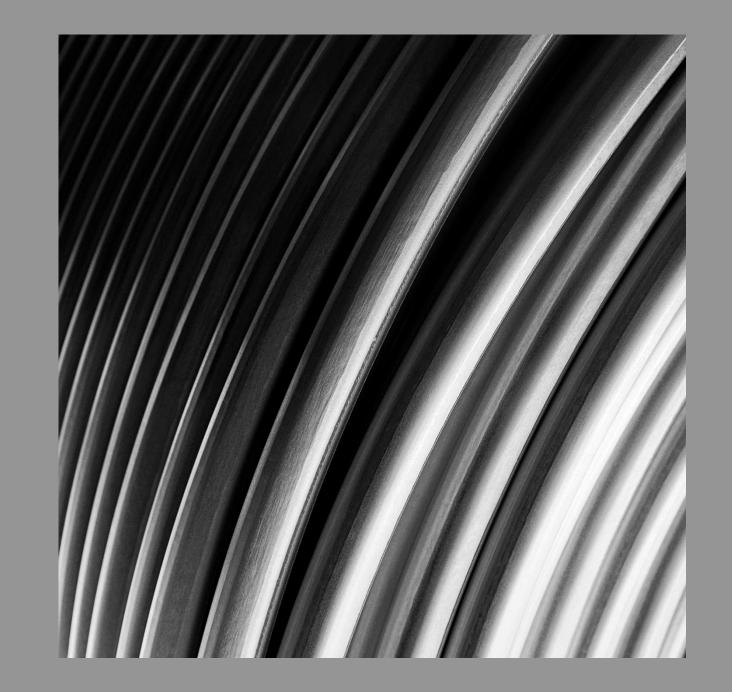


First quarter 2022 Investor presentation



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#### Cautionary note

Certain statements included in this announcement contain forward-looking information, including, without limitation, information relating to (a) forecasts, projections and estimates, (b) statements of Hydro management concerning plans, objectives and strategies, such as planned expansions, investments, divestments, curtailments or other projects, (c) targeted production volumes and costs, capacities or rates, start-up costs, cost reductions and profit objectives, (d) various expectations about future developments in Hydro's markets, particularly prices, supply and demand and competition, (e) results of operations, (f) margins, (g) growth rates, (h) risk management, and (i) qualified statements such as "expected", "scheduled", "targeted", "planned", "proposed", "intended" or similar.

Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, these forward-looking statements are based on a number of assumptions and forecasts that, by their nature, involve risk and uncertainty. Various factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected in a forward-looking statement or affect the extent to which a particular projection is realized. Factors that could cause these differences include, but are not limited to: our continued ability to reposition and restructure our upstream and downstream businesses; changes in availability and cost of energy and raw materials; global supply and demand for aluminium and aluminium products; world economic growth, including rates of inflation and industrial production; changes in the relative value of currencies and the value of commodity contracts; trends in Hydro's key markets and competition; and legislative, regulatory and political factors.

No assurance can be given that such expectations will prove to have been correct. Hydro disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



### Q12022 | Adjusted EBITDA NOK 11.2 billion



Free cash flow NOK 1.8 billion Adj. RoaCE 22.9%

Tight markets with strong prices and high volatility

Record results in Aluminium Metal, Energy and Extrusions

Strong growth in volumes of greener products, first near-zero aluminium produced in Clervaux

Significant growth in recycling

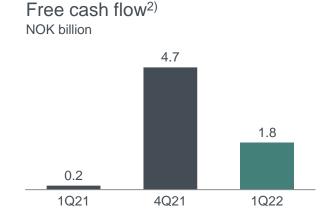
Hydro Rein growing portfolio beyond 1 GW

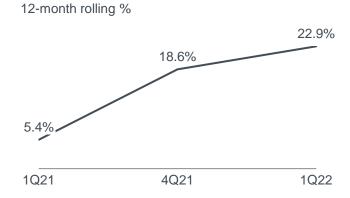


### Key performance metrics | Q12022



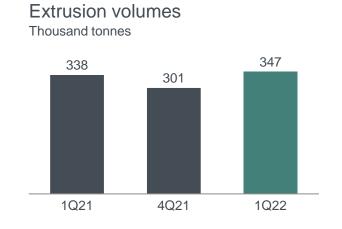


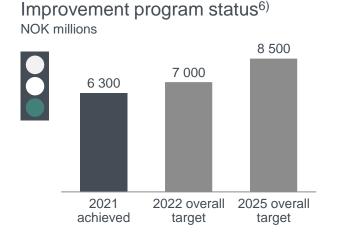




Adjusted RoaCE<sup>3)</sup>







<sup>1) 2020</sup> restated as adjusted EBITDA

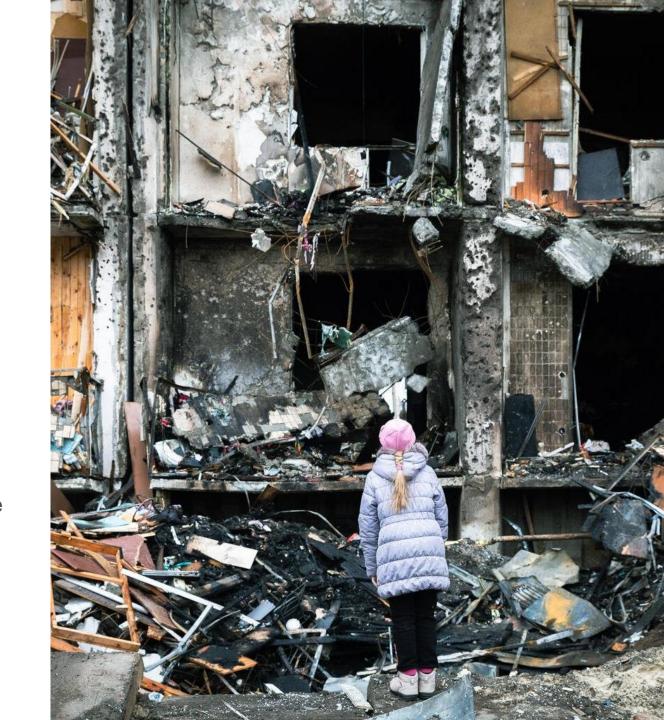
Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations, adjusted for 5) changes in collateral and net purchases of money market funds, plus net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations, adjusted for purchases of / proceeds from sales of short-term investments

<sup>3)</sup> RoaCE 2020 includes Rolling.

Realized alumina price minus adjusted EBITDA for B&A, per mt alumina sales
Realized all-in aluminium price (incl. strategic hedge program) less adjusted EBITDA margin, incl Qatalum, per mt
aluminium sold. Implied primary cost and margin rounded to nearest USD 25
Improvement program target and progress excluding Hydro Rolling

# Hydro responds to Russian invasion of Ukraine

- Hydro condemns the unprovoked invasion of Ukraine
- Hydro has no employees, operations or investments in Russia
- Hydro will not enter new contracts linked to Russian counterparts
- The company has already reduced its contractual commitments, and is in the process of further reducing the remaining commitments for 2022
- Around 400 Ukrainian citizens working in Hydro extrusion plants in Poland
  - Hydro's employees and the company have donated NOK 10 million to UNICEF in support of affected families and children

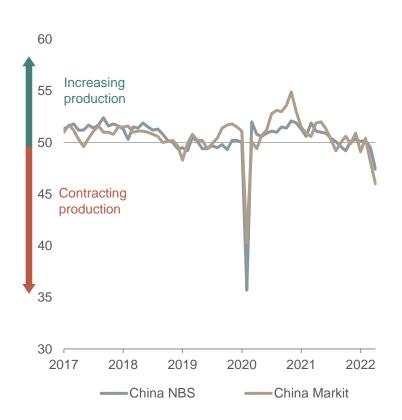


# Slower Chinese growth and Russian invasion of Ukraine increases market uncertainty

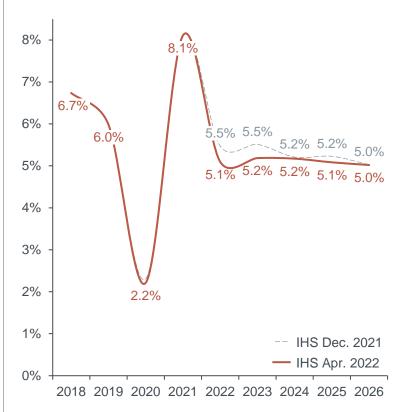


Weakening global GDP forecast for 2022 from 4.3% to 3.2%

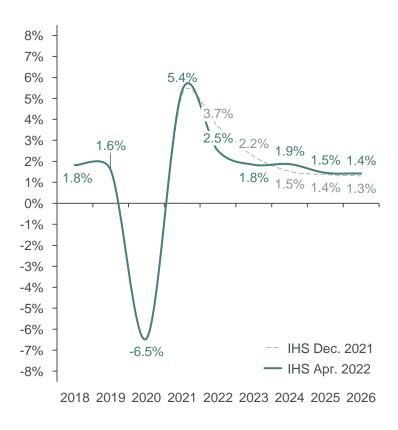
#### China PMI



#### China GDP forecast revised down



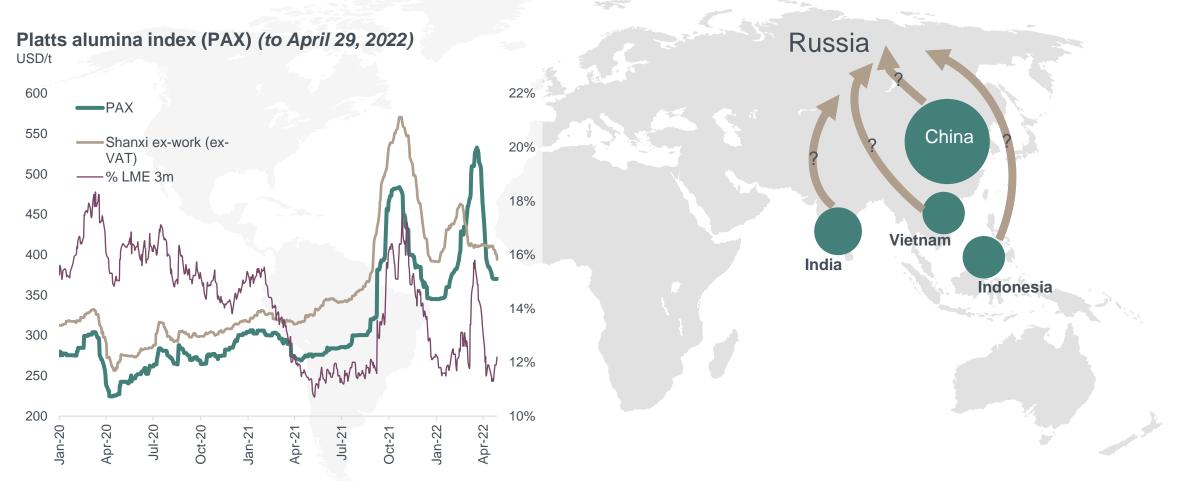
#### Eurozone GDP forecast revised down



# Volatile alumina pricing on changing trade-flows and supply uncertainty



Around 3-4 million alumina to Russia needs to be sourced from new sources

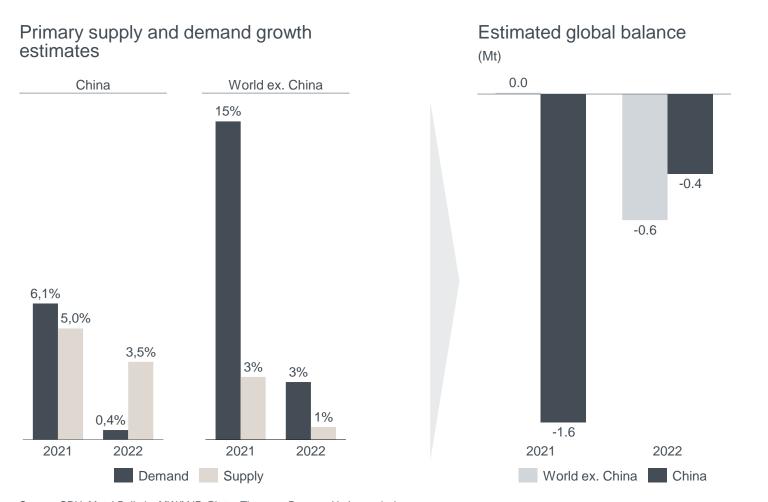


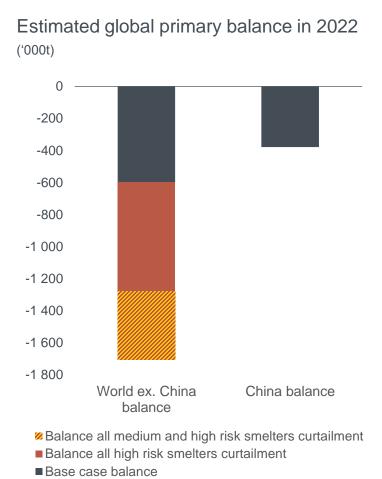
Source: company reports, IHS, Hydro analysis

### Weaker Chinese demand reduces deficit in 2022



European capacity at risk on high energy price, could increase deficit by 1Mt

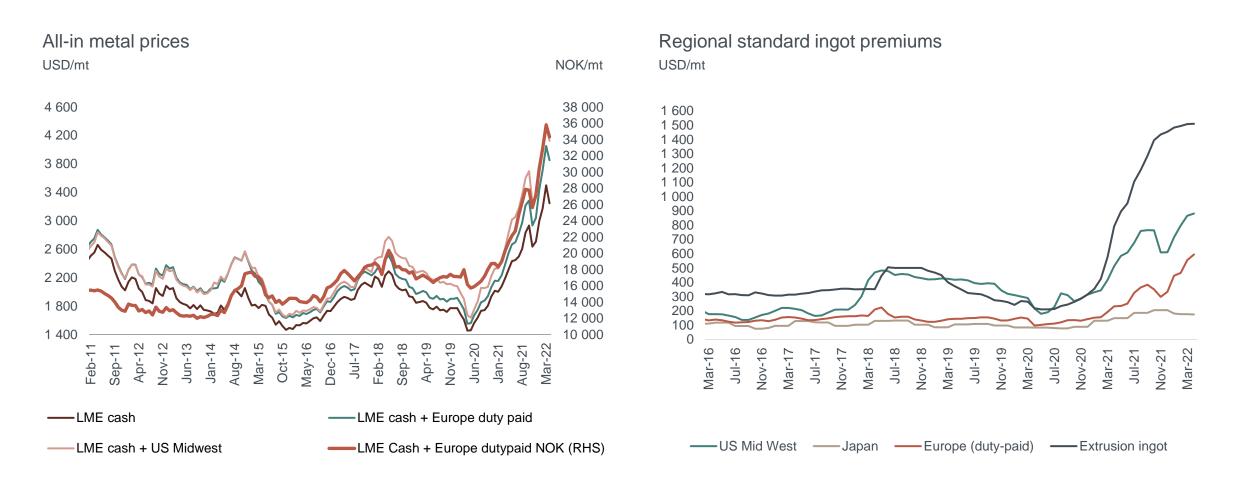




### All-in prices in USD reached new all-time high in Q1



European ingot premiums supported by supply disruptions and risk of Russian sanctions



### Extrusions volumes up in Q1, uncertain markets



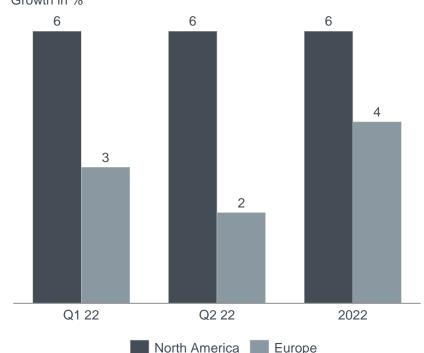
Automotive volumes still impacted by semiconductor shortage and global supply chain issues



#### External market forecasts

Year over Year

Extrusion market growth per quarter Growth in %



Share of Q1 2022 Hydro Extrusions sales

Source. CRU 11

### Challenging European energy situation



Increase demand for renewable energy and hydrogen – two growth areas within Hydro

#### **Energy prices continue at elevated levels in European markets**

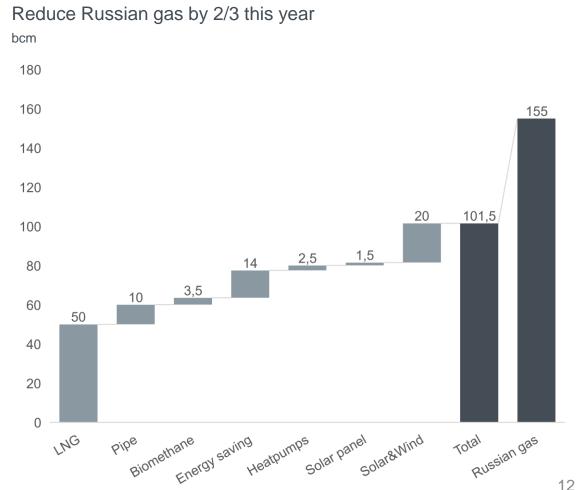
- High gas, coal and CO2 prices drive power prices in Europe
- The Russian invasion of Ukraine increase fears of disruption to gas flows

#### EU response through REPower EU plan

- Independence from Russian gas well before the end of the decade
- Cut Russian gas imports by an estimated 100 bcm by the end of this year
- Diversify gas supplies, replace gas use in heating and power generation, and front-load investments in renewable energy

#### Ambitious push for growth in renewable energy and hydrogen

- Current market crisis likely to fast-forward investments in renewable energy across Europe; simplifying licensing, land use implications
- Political push for security of supply in key industries, including building regional value chains in batteries and hydrogen



Source: European Commision

### Good progress on 2025 strategy



Seizing opportunities where our capabilities match the megatrends

1 Strengthen position in low-carbon aluminium



2 Diversify and grow in new energy



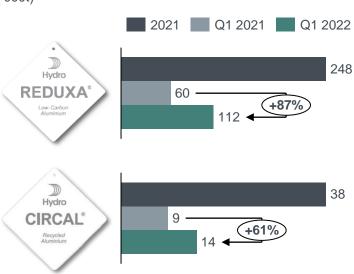


### Demand for CIRCAL and REDUXA increased 83% YoY



Hydro work closely with customers to develop products with smaller environmental impact

### CIRCAL and REDUXA sales growth ('000t)



#### **PIMS European study**

- Hydro ranked #1 quality supplier in Europe
- Leading innovation and sustainability scores

### Product development in close collaboration with customers

- Hydro has launched the EcoDesign concept that aims to make products with increased functionality and a smaller environmental footprint
- Product developed in collaboration with Hydro R&D team
- Example of a project includes Flokk's new conference chair, HÅG Celi, using Hydro CIRCAL



"Working with Hydro, we were able to create the perfect blend of high strength, low weight and low carbon footprint for this latest HÅG design"

- Christian Lodgaard, SVP Products & Brands, Flokk

### Outstanding material for renewable energy systems

- The market for wind, solar and photovoltaic power installations is rapidly growing, driven by sustainability goals
- The excellent corrosion and weather resistance of aluminium profiles makes it a natural choice
- Ernst Schweizer AG is a systems manufacturer for photovoltaic panels and chooses Hydro REDUXA



"Our customers appreciate a system that not only produces renewable energy, but also that it is made in a more sustainable way with Hydro REDUXA"

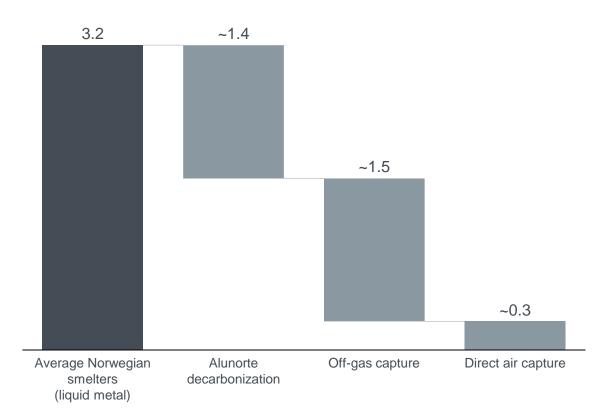
- Roman Berger, Vice President Ernst Schweizer AG

### Removing carbon to reach net-zero



#### Decarbonizing existing smelters

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium



### VERDOX

### Next generation carbon removal technology – a perfect fit for Hydro's path to net-zero.

- Verdox's technology is fully electric and expected to be highly energy efficient.
- Verdox's approach to carbon capture is effective regardless of CO<sub>2</sub> concentration of the source gas, allowing CO<sub>2</sub> from both off-gas and directly from air (DAC).
- Verdox one of 15 winners of XPRIZE Carbon Removal Reward together with partner Carbfix, and named one of 12 'climate pioneers' by Bloomberg NEF.

### Hydro joins Polestar to create a climate-neutral car

- Polestar has vowed to create a climate-neutral car by 2030
- · Hydro joins as a materials partner
- Requires zero-carbon aluminium
- Hydro has supplied advanced solutions with low-carbon aluminium to car makers for decades

### First near-zero aluminium produced in Clervaux

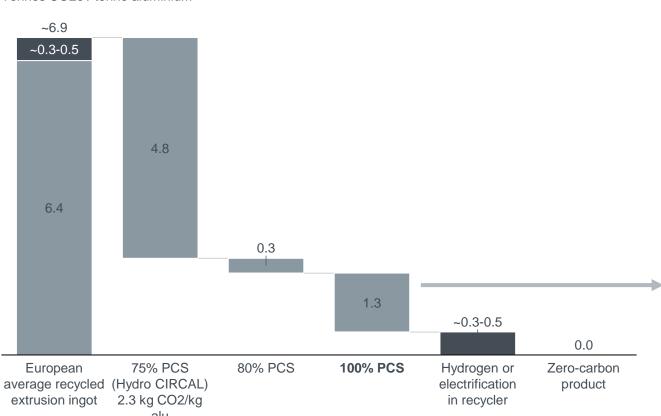
Climate

Net-zero products,
net-zero company,

net-zero society

Demonstrating our capabilities in low-carbon aluminium





#### First near-zero aluminium produced in Clervaux

- First 130 tonnes of Hydro CIRCAL 100R produced at Clervaux plant in Q1
- Based on 100% post-consumer scrap and with a footprint <0,5 kg CO2/kg Al</li>
- Work is ongoing to optimize production
- Discussing with several interested customers for first commercial application



# alumetal

### Hydro announces tender offer to acquire Alumetal S.A.



Alumetal will be an important contributor along the whole recycling value chain



A tender offer for 100% of the shares of Alumetal S.A. for 68.4 PLN per share in cash

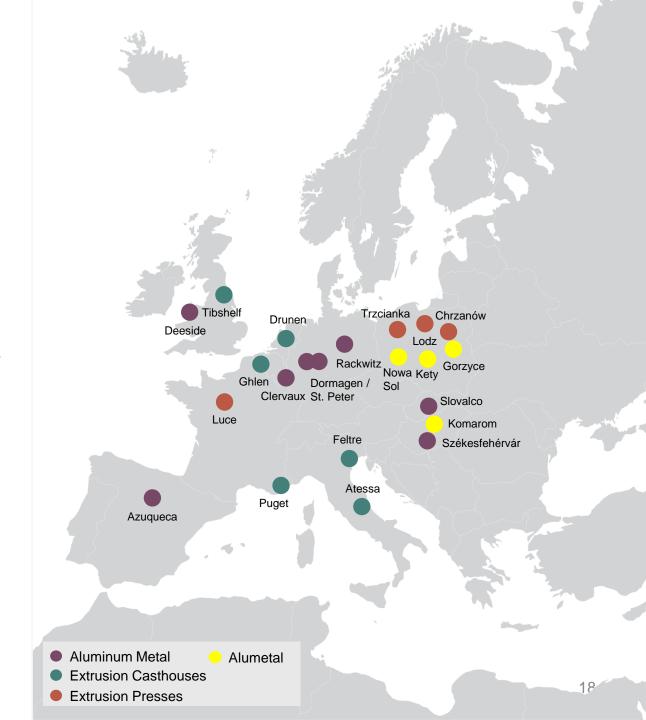
- Equity value: 1.066 PLN million (~EUR 232 million)
- Enterprise Value: ~1.332 PLN million (app. EUR 290 million)
- Commitment for 39% of shares outstanding
- The subscription period: 13 June 12 July 2022

Hydro 2025 Recycling strategy - Develop the recycling value-chain from scrap sourcing to products and customers

### Alumetal S. A.

Geographically complementing Hydro's existing footprint

- Second largest producer of casting aluminium alloys in Europe
- Production capacity of 275,000 tons per year with three plants in Poland and one in Hungary and 610 employees
- The company sells its products primarily within Europe and to the automotive sector, which represents 90% of customer
  - In 2021, Alumetal had market share of 8.5% in casting aluminium in Europe
- Alumetal is also experienced in sorting of post-consumer scrap and is currently constructing a new, state-of-the art sorting line.



### Significant step in strengthening Hydro's recycling position



Announced projects will enable Hydro to meet 2025 ambition to double PCS usage and exceed EBITDA 2025 ambition

#### **PCS** intake announced in Aluminium Metal





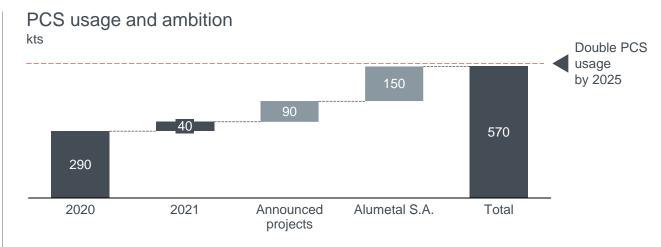


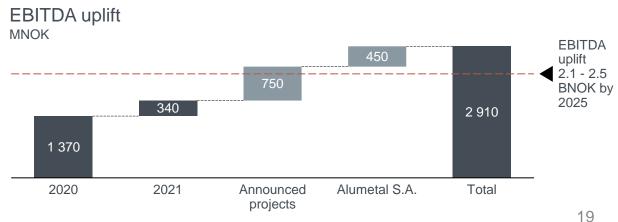
**PCS** intake announced in Extrusions











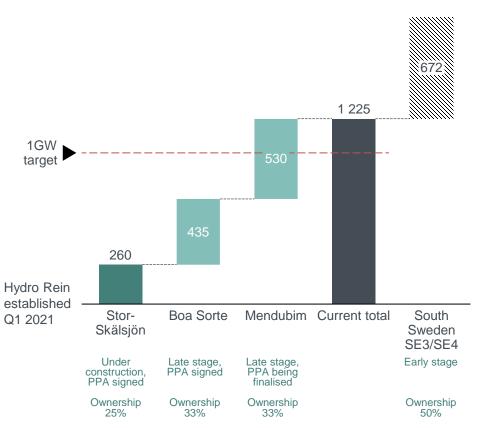
### Hydro Rein growing portfolio beyond 1 GW



IPO planned during 2022

#### Hydro Rein ownership portfolio

(MW installed capacity, 100% basis)



### Recent developments in Hydro Rein



**Stor-Skalsjön:** Eolus and Hydro Rein sell 75% of the shares in the project company to MEAG at an enterprise value of EUR 361 million. Hydro Rein to remain a long-term shareholder in the project with a 25% ownership

**Telenor PPA:** 10-year PPA contract with Telenor Infra through Hydro Energy, delivering power from the wind park Stor-Skälsjön. First transaction showing Hydro Rein and Hydro Energy's ability to offer renewable power solutions to external customers



**Boa Sorte:** Partnership with Atlas Renewable Energy to develop and build 435 MWp solar project in Minas Gerais, Brazil

- Hydro Rein with 33.3% ownership in the JV
- PPA signed
- Capex estimate: ~USD 320 million (100% basis)

**Mendubim:** Partnership with Scatec and Equinor to develop 530 MWp solar project in Brazil

- Hydro Rein with 33.3% ownership in the JV
- PPA currently being finalized
- Capex estimate: ~USD 390 million (100% basis)

# Continue to build a battery portfolio through industrial partnerships



	hydrovolt Commercial production (May 2022)
2022	Vianode Partnership with Altor and Elkem
2021	hydrovolt Construction started of battery recycling plant in Norway
2020	hydrovolt Founded by Hydro and Northvolt
2019	northvolt Initial investment
2017	Corvus Energy Initial investment



30% ownership

### Vianode - Creating a European leader in sustainable battery materials

- · Hydro will have a 30% ownership
- Total investments in first-phase plant including preparations for potential full-scale plant estimated to ~NOK 2 billion.
- Investment decision expected before the summer 2022
- Production of synthetic graphite for >20,000 EVs in the first phase,
   >1 million at full-scale

# hydraid \*\*

50% ownership

### Hydrovolt preparing for commercial production

- Joint Hydro-Northvolt battery recycling facility
- One of the most technologically advanced battery recycling plants globally and largest facility in Europe
- Test production going well, commercial production to start in May
- Preparing for expanding value chain position and international growth

### Sustainability: the basis for future position and profitability



On track delivering on our sustainability ambitions

# Climate El-boilers at Alunorte

Net-zero products, net-zero company, net zero-society

- Net-zero by 2050 or earlier
- Deliver zero-carbon aluminium products and solutions to customers
- Remove emissions from own operations
- Reduce and avoid emissions in society through climate friendly solutions

#### Environment



### Protect biodiversity and reduce our environmental footprint

- 1:1 rehabilitation available in mined areas within 2 years
- No net loss biodiversity in new projects
- · Tailings dry backfill
- Eliminate the need for new permanent bauxite residue storage
- Eliminate landfilling of all recoverable waste

### Society



### Improve the lives and livelihoods wherever we operate

- Empower 500,000 people with education and skills development by 2030
- Contribute to economic and social development in communities where we operate
- Ensure transparency and responsible business practices in our supply chains

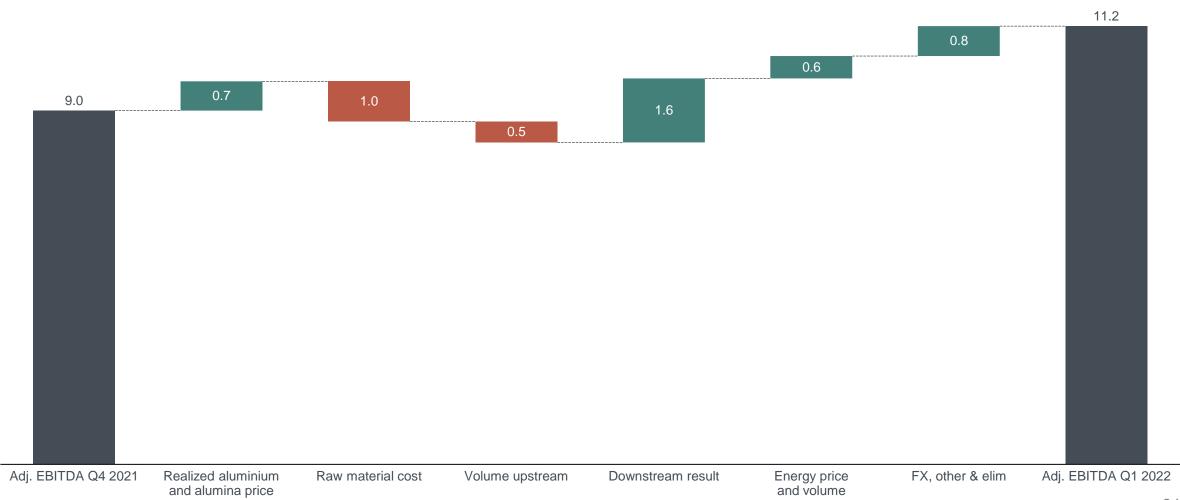


# Financial update

# Adj. EBITDA up from Q4 on higher prices and margins, partly offset by higher raw material cost



Q1-2022 vs. Q4-2021



### Key financials



NOK million	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021
Revenue	46 616	31 951	46 433	149 654
Reported EBITDA	8 217	4 079	12 462	26 050
Adjustment to EBITDA	2 948	1 103	(3 451)	1 959
Adjusted EBITDA	11 165	5 182	9 011	28 010
Reported EBIT	6 222	2 233	10 086	17 887
Adjusted EBIT	9 170	3 559	7 026	20 786
Financial income (expense)	2 193	424	644	510
Reported Income (loss) before tax	8 416	2 657	10 730	18 397
Income taxes	(2 005)	(776)	(2 205)	(4 467)
Reported Net income (loss) from continuing operations	6 411	1 880	8 525	13 930
Adjusted net income (loss) from continuing operations	6 785	2 448	5 810	14 905
Earnings per share from continuing operations	2.80	0.89	3.47	5.92
Adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations	3.11	1.15	2.57	6.77
Income (loss) from discontinued operations 1)	-	(380)	4	12

<sup>1)</sup> Income and expenses in the business to be sold are excluded from such income and expenses in continuing operations and reported separately as Losses for discontinued operations. For further information and a specification of the result in the discontinued operations, see Note 4 Discontinued operations and assets held for sale to the interim financial statements

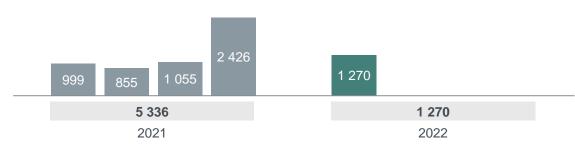
### Hydro Bauxite & Alumina

Results up on higher alumina prices, partly offset by increased raw material costs

Key figures	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021
Alumina production, kmt	1 519	1 540	1 600
Total alumina sales, kmt	2 251	2 269	2 655
Realized alumina price, USD/mt	391	287	393
Implied alumina cost, USD/mt1)	327	235	289
Bauxite production, kmt	2 638	2 813	2 696
Adjusted EBITDA, NOK million	1 270	999	2 426
Adjusted EBIT, NOK million	718	556	1 913
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>2)</sup>	11.8%	6.5%	12.0%

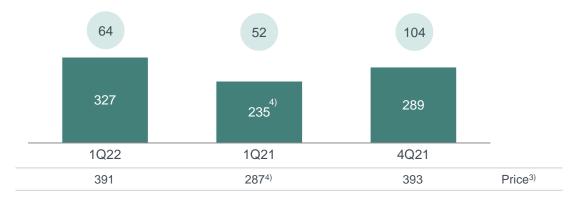
#### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



- 1) Realized alumina price minus Adjusted EBITDA for B&A, per mt alumina sales.
- 2) Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.
- 3) Realized alumina price
- Restated realized alumina price, adjusting for volume correction

### Implied alumina cost and margin USD/mt<sup>1)</sup>



Implied EBITDA cost per mt1) All



#### Results Q1 22 vs Q1 21

- Higher alumina prices
- Higher raw material costs

#### Outlook Q2 22

- · Alunorte production around nameplate capacity
- Higher raw material prices

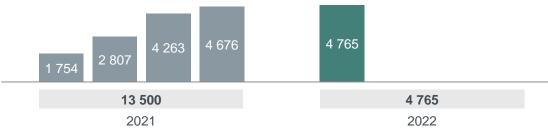
### Hydro Aluminium Metal

Results up on higher all-in metal prices and positive currency effects, partly offset by increased raw material and fixed costs

Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021
540	539	571
600	599	572
2 662	1 994	2 675
23 542	17 008	23 087
786	264	565
2 450	1 825	2 175
4 765	1 754	4 676
5 261	2 218	5 264
4 183	1 185	4 111
34.7%	4.5%	28.3%
	540 600 2 662 23 542 786 2 450 4 765 5 261	540     539       600     599       2 662     1 994       23 542     17 008       786     264       2 450     1 825       4 765     1 754       5 261     2 218       4 183     1 185

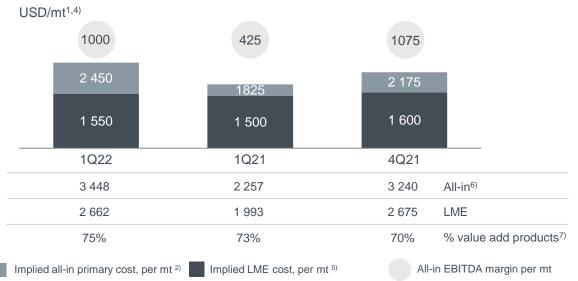
#### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



- 1) Includes pricing effects from LME strategic hedge program
- 2) Realized all-in aluminium price minus Adjusted EBITDA margin, including Qatalum, per mt aluminium sold
- Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.
- 4) Implied primary costs and margin rounded to nearest USD 25

#### All-in implied primary cost and margin



#### Results Q1 22 vs Q1 21

- · Higher all-in metal prices
- · Positive currency effects
- Higher raw material and fixed cost

#### Outlook Q2 22

- ~67% of primary production for Q2 priced at USD 3 155 per mt 8)
- ~59% of premiums affecting Q2 booked at USD ~1 093 per mt
  - Q2 realized premium expected in the range of USD 850-900 per ton
- · Higher raw material prices
- Realized LME aluminium price less Adjusted EBITDA margin, incl Qatalum, per mt primary aluminium produced
- ) Realized LME plus realized premiums, including Qatalum
- 7) % of volumes extrusion ingot, foundry alloy, sheet ingot, wire rod of total sales volumes Including pricing effects from LME strategic hedging program as per 31.03.2022

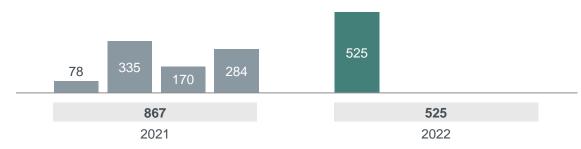
### Metal Markets

#### Results up on record Recycling results

Key figures	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021
Recycling production, kmt	151	143	144
Metal products sales, kmt 1)	731	742	681
Adjusted EBITDA Recycling (NOK million)	544	89	290
Adjusted EBITDA Commercial (NOK million)	(19)	(11)	(6)
Adjusted EBITDA Metal Markets (NOK million)	525	78	284
Adjusted EBITDA excl. currency and inventory valuation effects	630	161	315
Adjusted EBIT (NOK million)	487	43	245
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>2)</sup>	36.0%	17.2%	23.9%

#### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



<sup>1)</sup> Includes external and internal sales from primary casthouse operations, remelters and third-party metal sources.



#### Results Q1 22 vs Q1 21

- Higher recycling results driven by increased premiums
- Improved results from sourcing and trading and currency effects
- Negative inventory valuation effects

#### Outlook Q2 22

• Volatile trading and currency effects

Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.

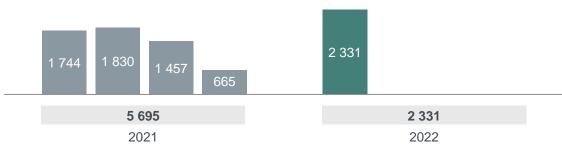
### Hydro Extrusions

Record results on higher Recycling results, increased volumes and margins, partly offset by higher variable and fixed costs

Key figures	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021
External sales volumes, kmt	347	338	301
Adjusted EBITDA, NOK million	2 331	1 744	665
Adjusted EBIT, NOK million	1 587	1 244	(122)
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>1)</sup>	11.3%	8.4%	10.3%

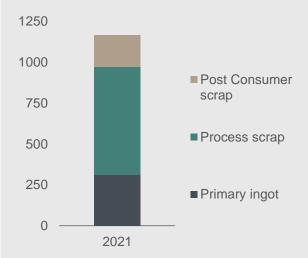
#### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



### 1) Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less 25% tax / Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.

### Total billet production and input mix ('000 tonnes)





#### Results Q1 22 vs Q1 21

- · Higher recycling results driven by increased premiums
- Higher sales volumes and margins
- Higher variable and fixed costs

#### Outlook Q2 22

- Supply-chain volatility remains
- Increased uncertainly due to Russian invasion of Ukraine
- ~NOK 200 million in extraordinary Covid bonus to employees

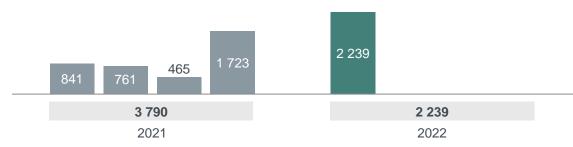
### Hydro Energy

Results up on higher prices and area price differences, partly offset by lower production

Key figures	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021
Power production, GWh	2 730	2 857	2 136
Net spot sales, GWh	986	1 126	305
Southwest Norway spot price (NO2), NOK/MWh	1 504	469	1 271
Adjusted EBITDA, NOK million	2 239	841	1 723
Adjusted EBIT, NOK million	2 192	792	1 674
Adjusted RoaCE, % LTM <sup>1),2)</sup>	35.0%	10.8%	25.4%

#### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million



Adjusted RoaCE calculated as Adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less tax/ Average capital employed last 4 quarters. Previous periods have been restated following a change to the capital employed definition.

3) 01.4.2022 – 30.04.2022



#### Results Q1 22 vs Q1 21

- Higher power prices
- Gain from large price area differences
- Lower production

#### Outlook Q2 22

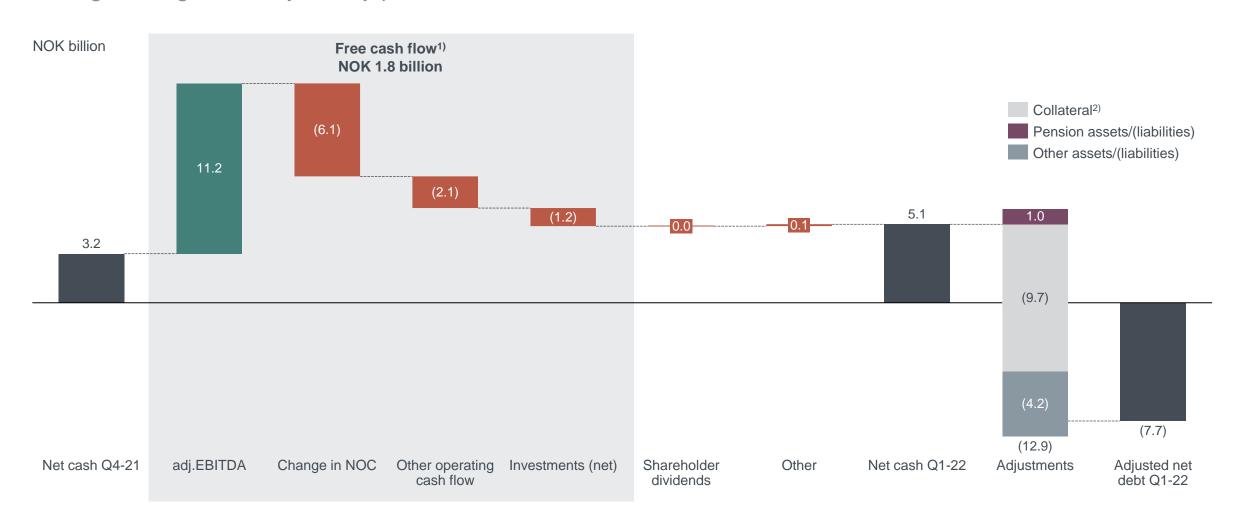
- Lower production
- Average NO2 spot price 1 736 NOK/MWh in April<sup>3)</sup>
- Weak hydrology in Southern Norway
- Volume and price uncertainty, with continuing price area differences

<sup>2) 40%</sup> tax rate applied for Q1-22 and 2021, 80% tax rate applied for 2019 and 2020, 40% tax rate applied in 2021

### Improved Net cash position



Strong earnings offset by mainly price driven build in NOC



<sup>1)</sup> Free cash flow is defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities of continuing operations, adjusted for changes in collateral and net purchases of money market funds, plus net cash provided by (used in) investing activities of continuing operations, adjusted for purchases of / proceeds from sales of short-term investments

### 2024 hedge position increased during the quarter



Liquidity protection measures implemented in period with extreme volatility

#### Aluminium hedges of 100-460 kt/yr 2022-24 in place

- 2022: 280 kt remaining at a price of ~2200 USD/t
  - H2-22 75 kt call-options as liquidity measure
- 2023: 460 kt hedged at a price of ~2200 USD/t
  - 75 kt call-options as liquidity measure
- 2024: 100 kt hedged at a price of ~2500 USD/t
- Pricing mainly in NOK, with USD hedges converted to NOK via USDNOK derivatives
- Corresponding raw material exposure partially secured using financial derivatives or physical contracts

#### **B&A** and AM BRL/USD Hedge

- USD 1109 million sold forward for 2021-2024
  - USD 339 million 2022 at rate 5.53
  - USD 330 million 2023 at rate 6.03
  - USD 171 million 2024 at rate 6.60
- Aim to reduce volatility and uncertainty in Alunorte and Albras cash flows, as well as support robust cost curve positions



### Utilizing Hydro's hedging policy to deliver on strategic ambitions

- Flexibility to hedge in certain cases
  - Support strong cost position
  - Strong margins in historical perspective, e.g., supporting RoaCE target
  - Larger investments

# Liquidity measures and sustainable financing

### New short-term revolving multi-currency credit facility of USD 1,300 million was signed in April

- The facility, which is available for general corporate purposes carries a 12-month maturity with two six-month extension options at Hydro's discretion.
- The amount is also available as a sub-facility swingline to cover short-term liquidity needs

### Hydro Alunorte signed USD 200 million sustainability-linked loan to finance fuel switch project

- Pricing of the loan linked to the performance of Alunorte's greenhouse gas emission reduction target
- The financing includes a sustainability-linked interest rate swap, the first of its kind executed in the Brazilian market





### **Priorities**

- 1. Health and safety first
- 2. Managing geopolitical and market uncertainty
- 3. Grow volumes and margins in volatile markets
- 4. Deliver improvements and commercial ambitions
- 5. Execute Hydro 2025 strategy
- Strengthen position in low-carbon aluminium
- Expand and diversify in new energy



## Market

# Macro trends and favorable properties drive aluminium demand



Hydro's strategic direction aims to realize full potential of aluminium's strong qualities and versatility



#### **Aluminium**

- ✓ Lightness and strength
- ✓ Durability and formability
- ✓ Corrosion resistance
- Conductivity
- Recyclability
- X Energy-intensity



#### Steel

- Strength and durability
- Recyclability
- ✓ Price
- X Weight
- **X** Corrosion
- X Energy-intensity



#### Copper

- Conductivity
- Corrosion resistance
- Recyclability
- X Price
- × Weight
- X Energy-intensity



#### **Composites**

- ✓ Lightness
- ✓ Strength
- X Price
- X Recyclability
- X Climate footprint
- X Energy-intensity



#### **PVC**

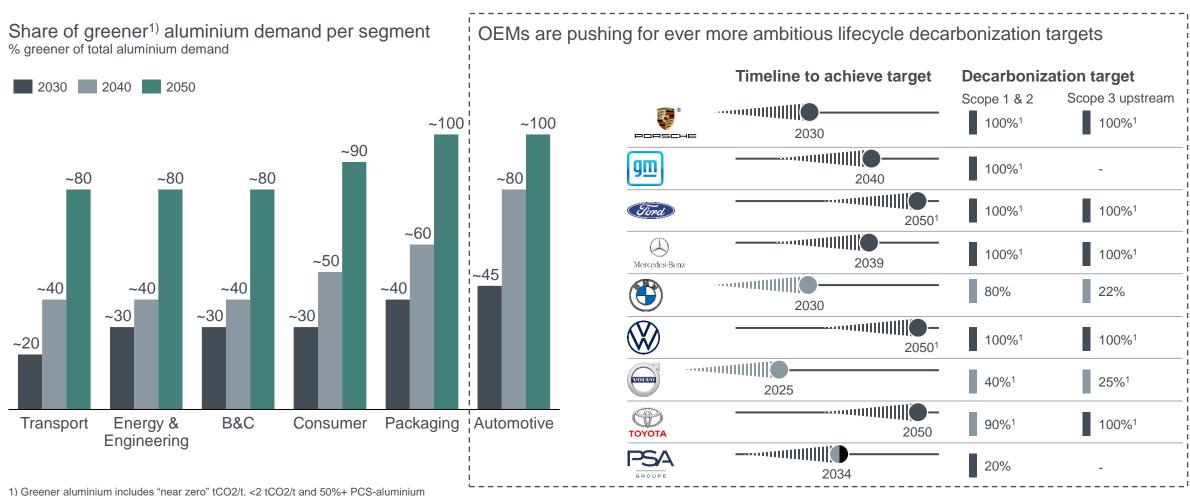
- ✓ Lightness and formability
- ✓ Corrosion resistance
- ✓ Price
- X Climate footprint
- X Recyclability
- **X** Durability

For illustrative purposes only

## Expecting strong demand for greener aluminium



Ambitious abatement targets driving demand in all sectors but especially Automotive OEMs

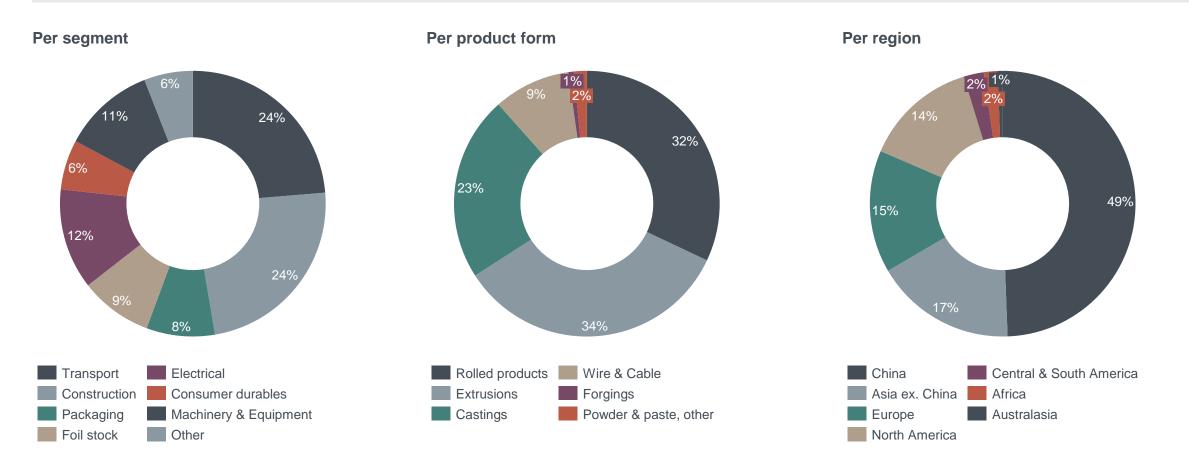


Greener aluminium includes "near zero" tCO2/t, <2 tCO2/t and 50%+ PCS-aluminium Source: McKinsey market analysis (high level estimate)

## Transport & construction key semis demand segments



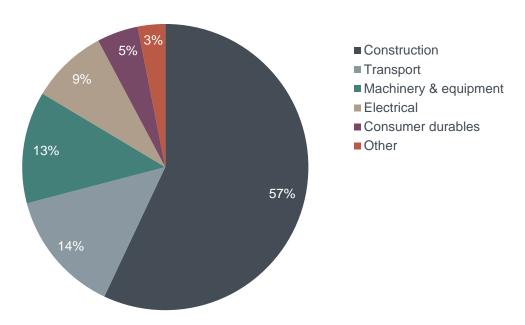
#### Global semis demand 2021: ~93 million tonnes



Source: CRU, Hydro Analysis

# Segment composition in extruded

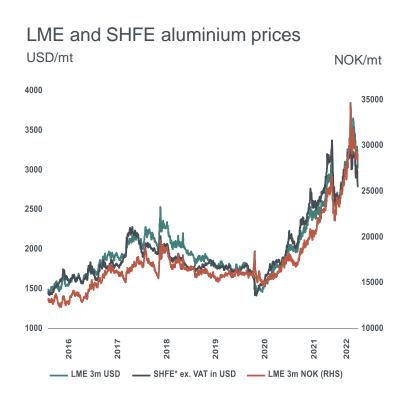
Global segment composition, extrusions (2021)

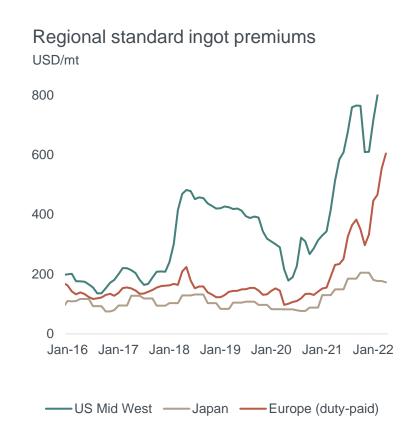


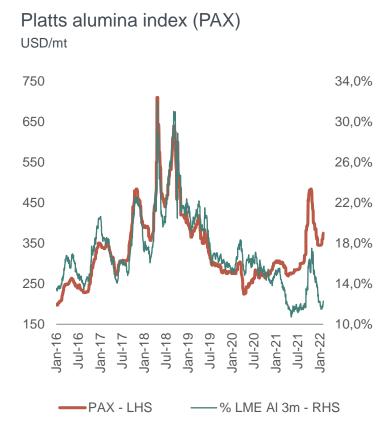


## Revenue drivers through Q12022







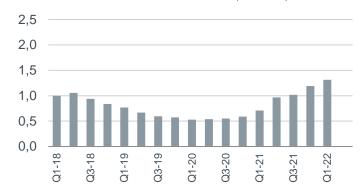


Source: Metal Bulletin, Platts, Reuters Ecowin, Hydro analysis

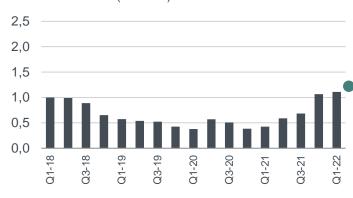
### Market raw material costs in Q1



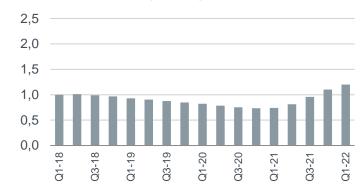
### Petroleum coke FOB USG (indexed)



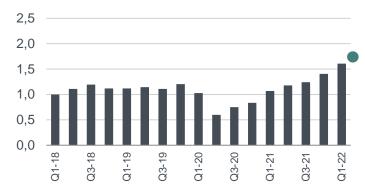
### Caustic soda (indexed)



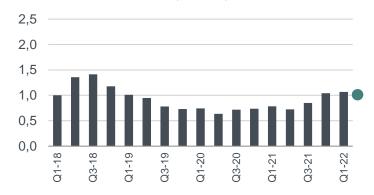
### Pitch FOB USG (indexed)



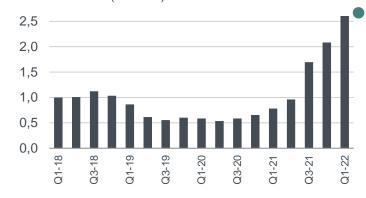
Fuel oil A1 (Indexed)



Alumina PAX index (indexed)



#### Steam coal (indexed)



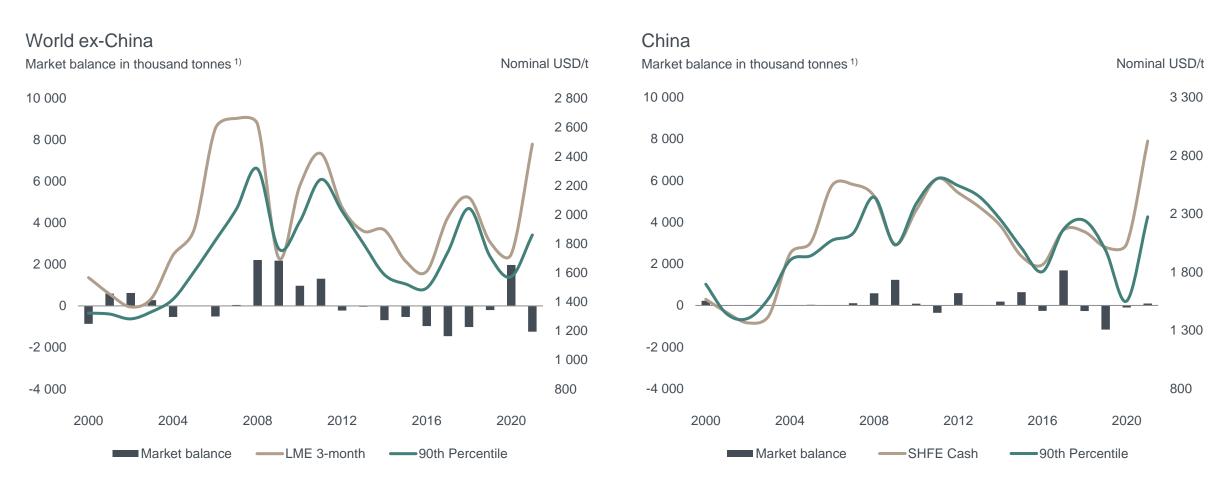
Indication of current market prices

Source: Thomson Reuters, PACE, IHS Markit, Platts, ANP, CRU

# Large spread between LME and 90th percentile smelters



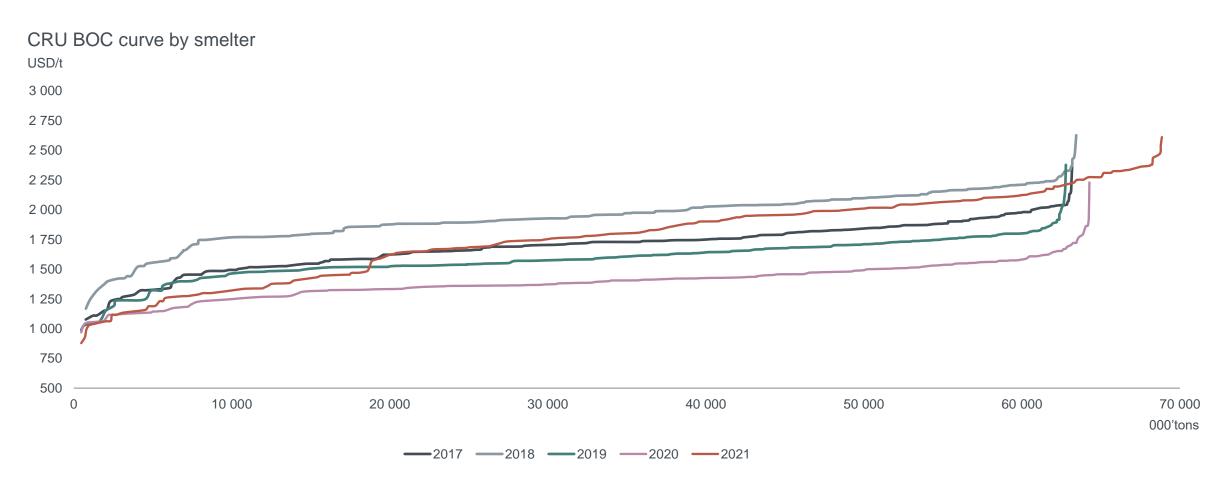
Primary metal market



# Global cost curve increases in 2021 on recovering raw material and energy prices



Primary metal market

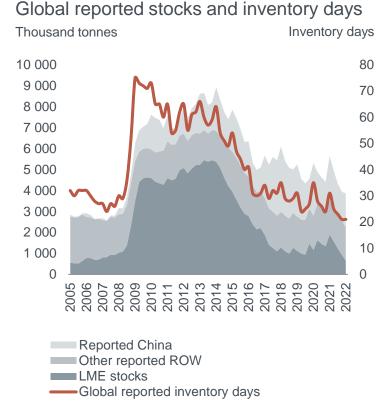


Source: Republished under license from CRU International Ltd

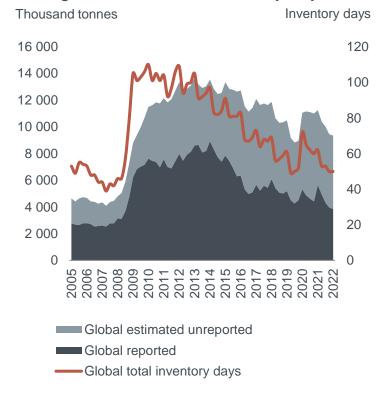
## Total global inventory days on a downwards trend



### Primary metal market



### Total global stocks and inventory days

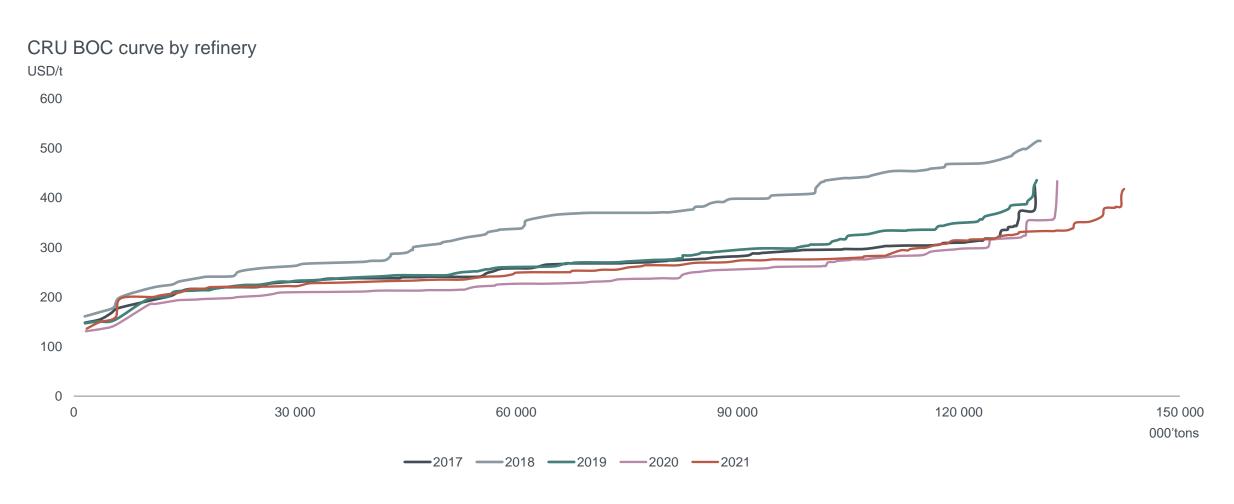


- Total stocks continue decreasing so far in 2022
  - Stocks in World ex China down over the last quarters on production cuts in Europe
  - China stocks up due to seasonal effects
- LME stocks decreased continuously since the beginning of 2021, now at lowest level since in 17 years
- High uncertainty regarding absolute level of unreported volumes

Source: CRU, Hydro Analysis

# Global cost curve increases in 2021 on higher energy & raw material prices Alumina market



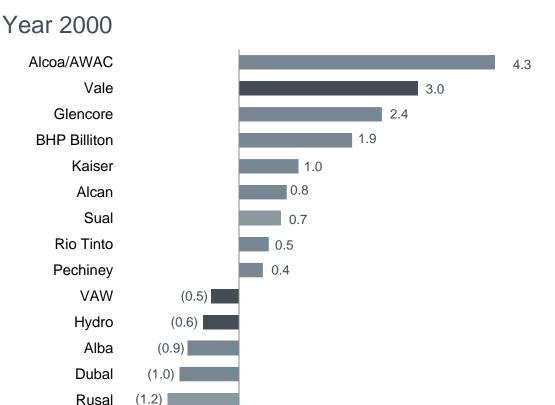


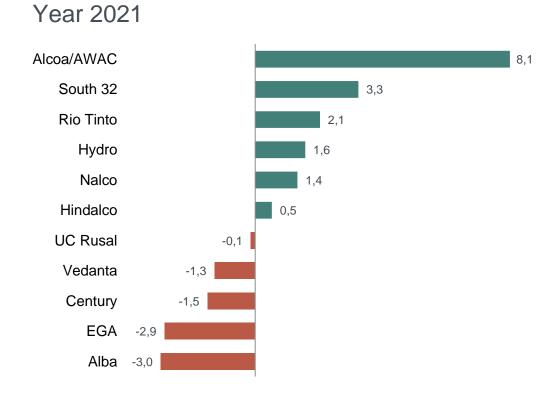
45 Source: Republished under license from CRU International Ltd

# Alumina market consolidating, becoming more integrated



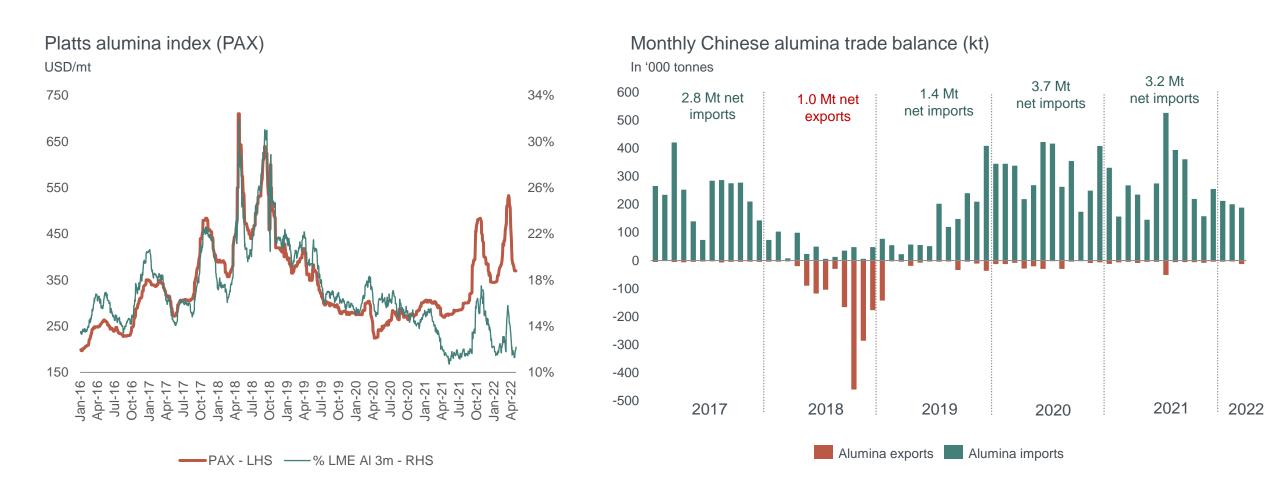
Estimated net equity alumina position, in million tonnes





# Alumina prices volatile; China alumina imports decrease recently

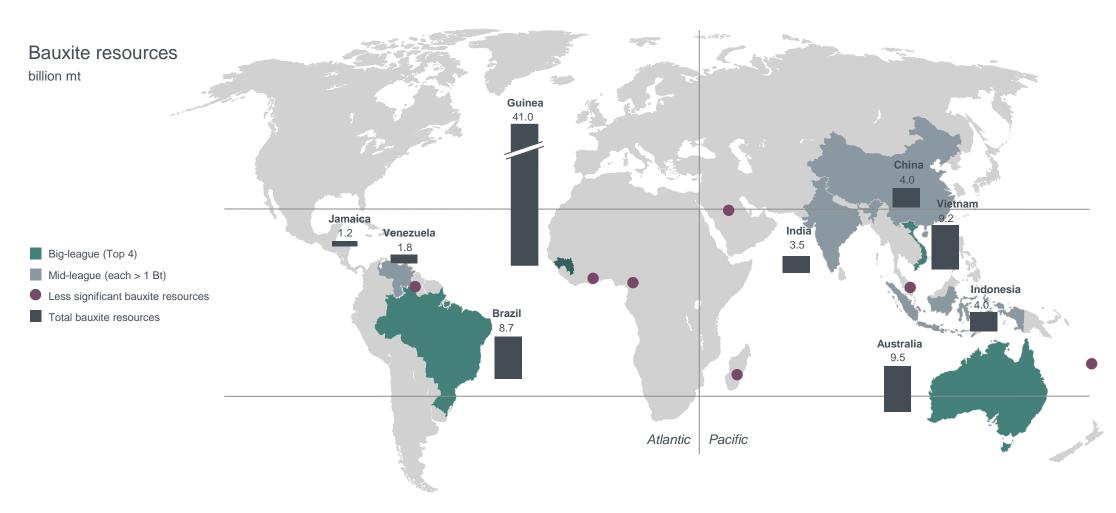




## Large and concentrated bauxite resources



### Guinea stands out as a long-term source



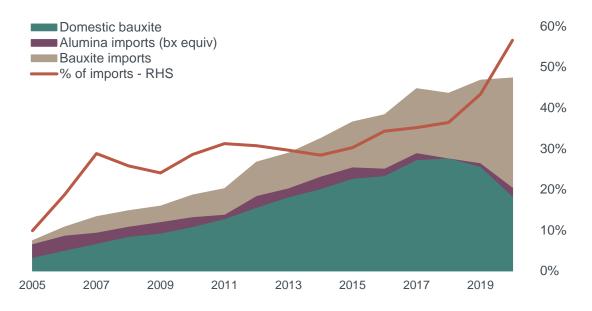
Source: Hydro analysis, CM Group

## China increasingly reliant on bauxite imports



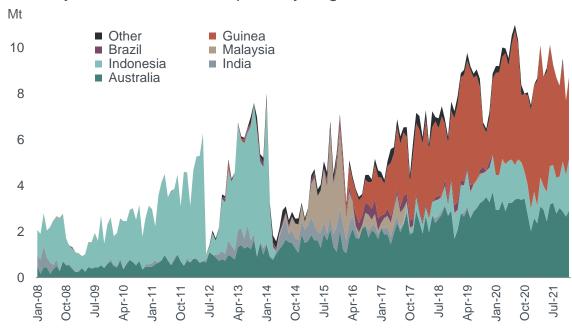
### Guinea bauxite increasingly satisfying Chinese demand

### Growing need for bauxite imports amid domestic depletion



- Decreasing Chinese bauxite availability and increasing costs triggering more bauxite imports
  - · Chinese bauxite quality deteriorating
  - Domestic bauxite supply risk increasing

### Monthly Chinese bauxite imports by origin



- Guinea bauxite production has increased significantly
  - · Atlantic-sourced seaborne bauxite continues to grow, adding freight exposure



# Sustainability

# Sustainability: the basis for future position and profitability







Net zero products, net zero company, net zero society

Environment



Protect biodiversity and reduce our environmental footprint

Society



Improve the lives and livelihoods wherever we operate

# Climate: Solutions for eliminating emissions from our products, our operations and society



### Net Zero Products



Deliver zero carbon aluminium products and solutions to customers

Circular and primary pathways

### Net Zero Hydro



Remove emissions from own operations

### Net Zero Society







Reduce and avoid emissions in society through climate-friendly solutions

Renewables – energy storage – green hydrogen

## Primary path: HalZero and CCS

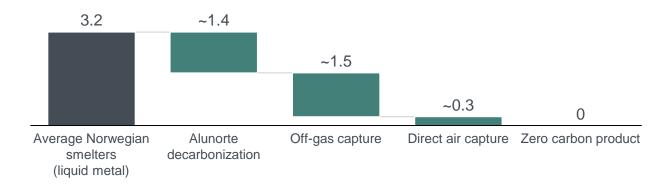


### Technologies ready for pilot phase

### Carbon capture and storage

decarbonizing existing smelters

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium, scope 1 and 2 emissions, liquid metal

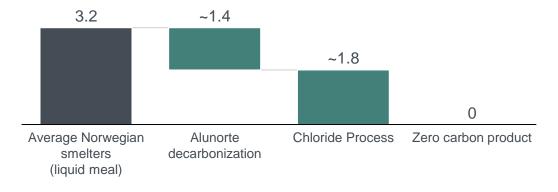


- Can reduce electrolysis emissions by 100% through a combination of off-gas capture and direct air capture
- Suited for decarbonization and securing value of existing smelters
- Access to infrastructure (transport and storage)
- Public/private partnership for industrialization

### HalZero chloride process

technology for decarbonizing greenfield developments

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium, scope 1 and 2 emissions, liquid metal



- Full decarbonization of smelting process
- Eliminating emissions for both electrolysis and anode baking
- Relevant application for new capacity post 2030
- Public/private partnership for industrialization

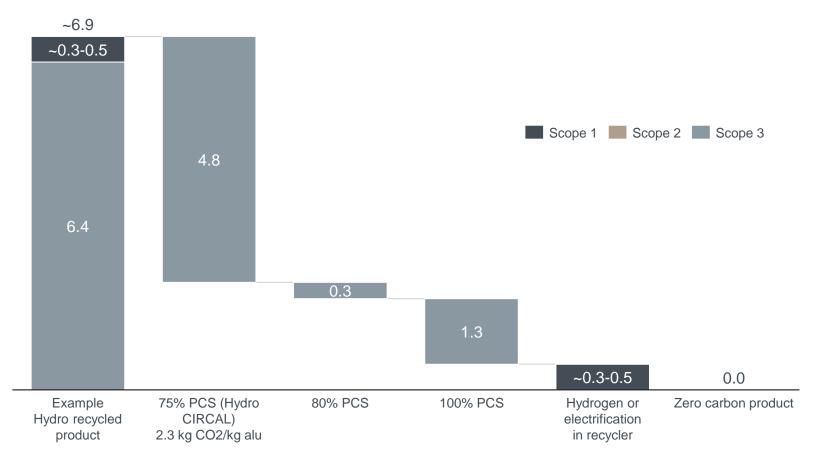
# Circular path producing near zero volumes by 2022



Post Consumer Scrap (PCS): scaling up volumes in line with market demand

### **PCS** Decarbonization

Tonnes CO2e / tonne aluminium

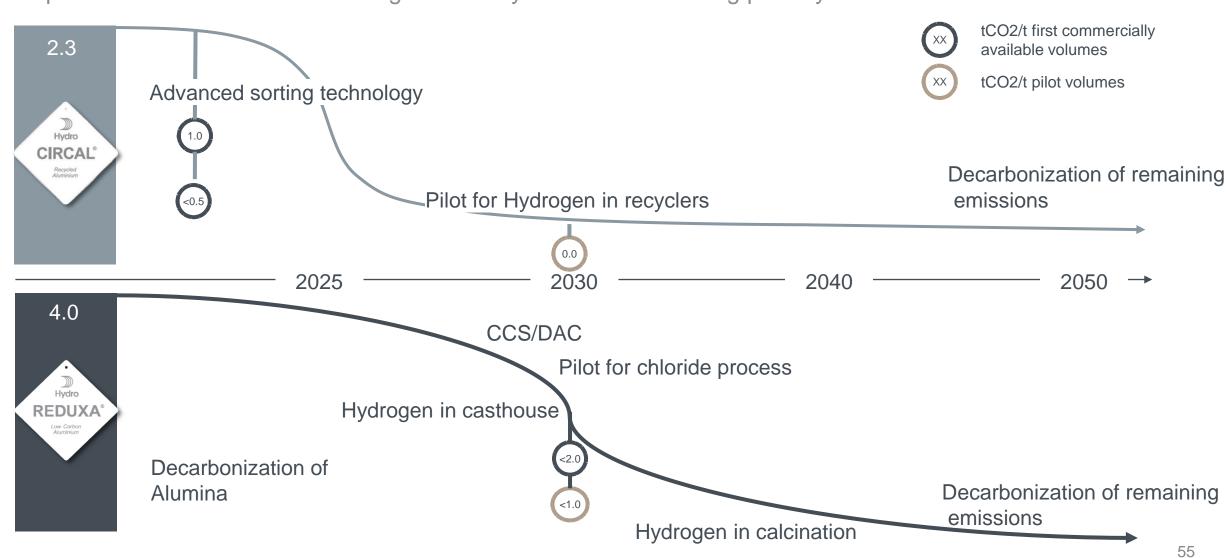


- Going deeper in the scrap pile to lift profitability
  - Laser-based sorting (LIBS)
  - Screw extruder
- Recycling friendly alloys
- Renewable fuel for scrap melting
- Scrap sourcing
- Customer collaboration

# Net zero products: Market-paced approach



Capitalize on market demand through circularity while decarbonizing primary value chain



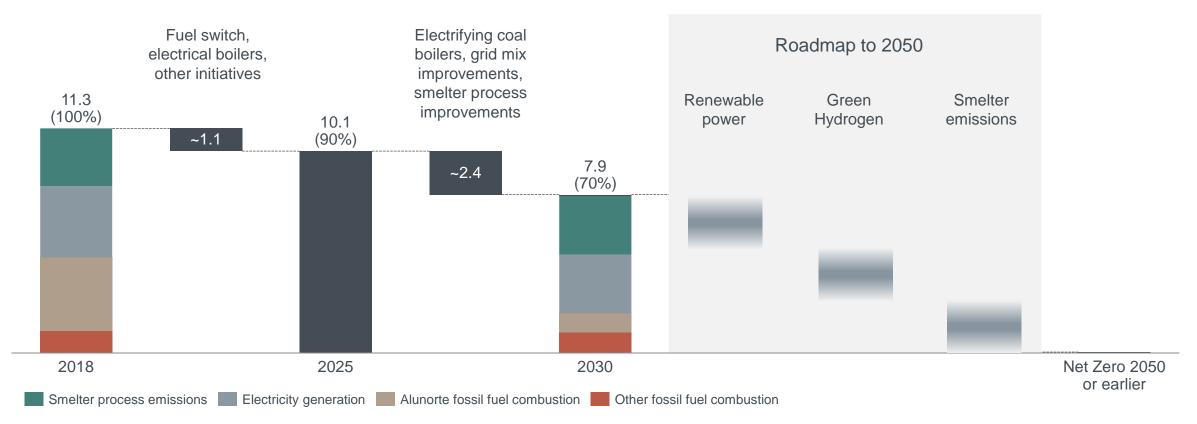
## Net zero Hydro: The roadmap



On track to achieve 30% carbon emissions reduction by 2030 and net zero by 2050 or earlier

### GHG emissions – ownership equity

Million tonnes CO2 (% of 2018 baseline emissions)



## Well positioned to deliver on our climate ambition



Hydro's unique position to capture commercial value from decarbonization

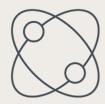


# Circular solutions

Fastest way to near-zero carbon products at scale

Profitable growth – Recycling RoACE above Hydro average

**EBITDA** uplift



# Technology leadership

PCS technology ready for industrialization

Solutions to remove process emissions ready for piloting



# **Customer** collaboration

Leading position in high growth market segments

Shaping demand for greener products

Co-developing lower carbon and circular solutions with customers



# Partnerships and funding

Strong track record of partnering

Credibility to seek public funding and partner for industrialization

Green finance

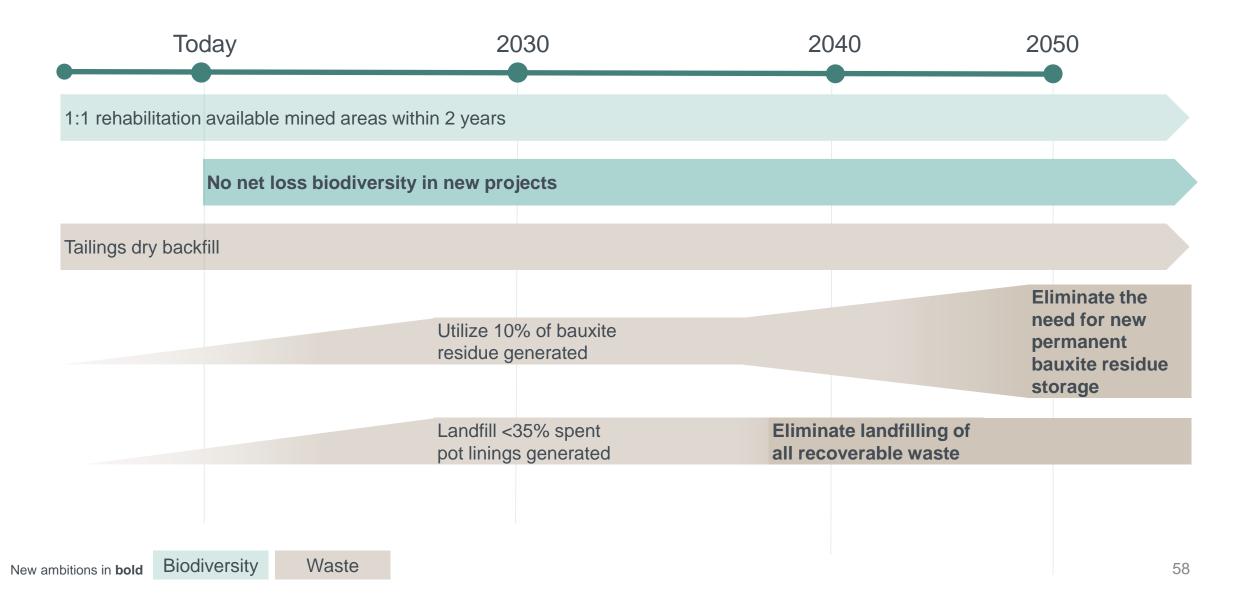


### Policy and regulations

Create a global level playing field – Incentivize electrification and decarbonization of industries and markets

### Environment: Protect biodiversity and eliminate waste

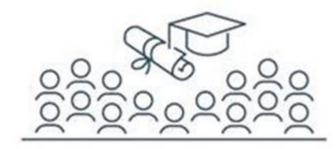




# Social: Improve lives and livelihoods wherever we operate



# Invest in education



Equip people with essential skills for future economy

Empower 500,000 people with education and skills development by 2030

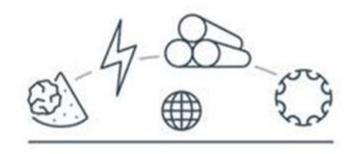
Support just transition



Contribute to economic and social development in communities where we operate

Business-specific targets

# Responsible supply chain



Ensure transparency and responsible business practices in our supply chains



Transparency and traceability of key sustainability data for our products



# Business overview



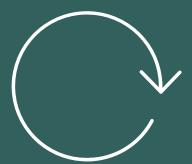
Hydro – Group





## **Profitability**

ROACE > 10%



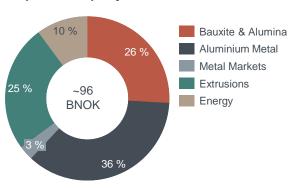
# Sustainability

CO<sub>2</sub> - 30%

## Capital return dashboard Q1 2022



### Capital employed1)



Capital returns adj. RoaCE

22.9%2)

10% target over the cycle

Balance sheet adj. ND/EBITDA

 $0.3^{3}$ 

adj. ND/EBITDA < 2x target over the cycle

Free cash flow YTD 2022

1.8 BNOK<sup>4)</sup>

### **Improvements**

7.8 BNOK realized by end-2021

Improvement Program NOK 6.3 billion Commercial ambitions NOK 1.5 billion Net operating capital

6.1 BNOK build YTD 2022

Impacted by price and currency effects

Capex

1.4 BNOK spent YTD 2022

2022 guidance of NOK ~11 billion

Proposed dividend

2021 Dividend NOK 5.4 per share<sup>5)</sup>

3.4 NOK/share ordinary dividend2.0 NOK/share extraordinary dividend

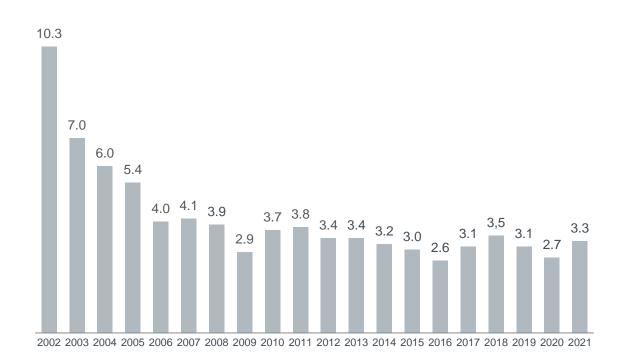
- 1) Graph excludes (1.8) BNOK in capital employed in Other & Eliminations
- 2) Adj.RoaCE calculated as adjusted EBIT last 4 quarters less underlying tax expense adjusted for 30% tax on financial items / average capital employed last 4 quarters
- Average adjusted net debt last 4 quarters / total adjusted EBITDA last 4 quarters.
- 4) Free cash flow operating cash flow excl. collateral and net purchases of money market funds, less investing cash flow excl. sales/purchases of short-term investments
- Pending approval from the AGM on May 10<sup>th</sup>, 2022

# Safe and responsible operations is a top priority



Leadership in HSE, CSR and compliance as a license to operate

#### TRI Rate<sup>1)</sup>





















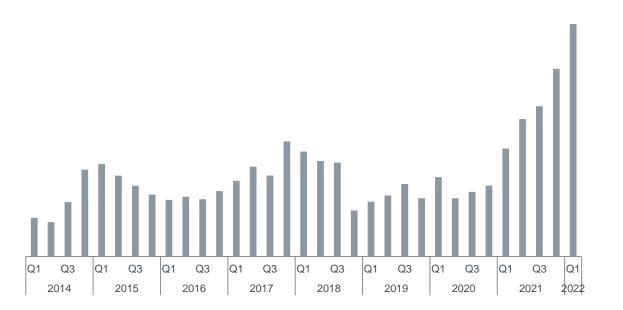






# Hydro: a resource rich global aluminium company

Hydro adjusted EBITDA quarterly, NOK billion<sup>1)</sup>



- 1) Amounts are as disclosed for the individual years reflecting the accounting policies applied for those years and Hydro's definition of APMs applied for the relevant years.
- 2) 2021 excluding Hydro Rolling (2014-2020 as reported)
- 3) As per Feb 21, 2022



### The aluminium value chain



World class assets, high-end products and leading market positions

### Raw materials processing and energy



#### **Bauxite & Alumina**

- · High quality Gibsite bauxite
- Bauxite capacity 10.8 million tonnes (100% Paragominas and 5% MRN)
- World's largest alumina refinery outside China with capacity of 6.3 million tonnes
- Long-term sourcing contracts for bauxite and alumina



#### **Energy**

- Long-term power supply secured in Norway
- Norway's third largest operator of hydropower with 12.9 TWh
- Norway's fifth largest hydropower producer –
  - ~9.4 TWh normal renewable energy production
- Ownership in Lyse Kraft DA, the third largest hydro power producer
- New business opportunities within renewable and batteries/storage solutions

### Primary aluminium production, marketing and recycling



#### **Aluminium Metal**

- · 2.3 million tonnes primary capacity
- Karmøy Technology Pilot testing world's most climate and energy efficient aluminium production
- · High LME and USD sensitivity
- Improving cost position
- Leading in technology



#### **Metal Markets**

- ~3.3 million tonnes (primary, remelt, recycling and cold metal)
- · Expertise in materials
- Flexible system
- Strengthening recycling position
- High share value-add products
- Strong marketing organization
- Risk management
- Strong market positions in Europe, Asia and the US

### Aluminium in products



#### **Extrusions**

- 1.3 million tonnes
- No. 1 position in North America and Europe
- Solid foothold in emerging markets

# Strong global presence throughout the aluminium value chain



Built on market understanding, customer closeness and competence

## The complete aluminium company

- High-quality bauxite and alumina production in Brazil
- Primary production in Norway, Germany, Qatar, Slovakia, Brazil, Canada, Australia
- 9.4 TWh captive hydropower production
- World leader in aluminium extruded profiles
- Remelting in the US, European recycling network
- Unparalleled technology and R&D organization



3) Primary Foundry Alloys

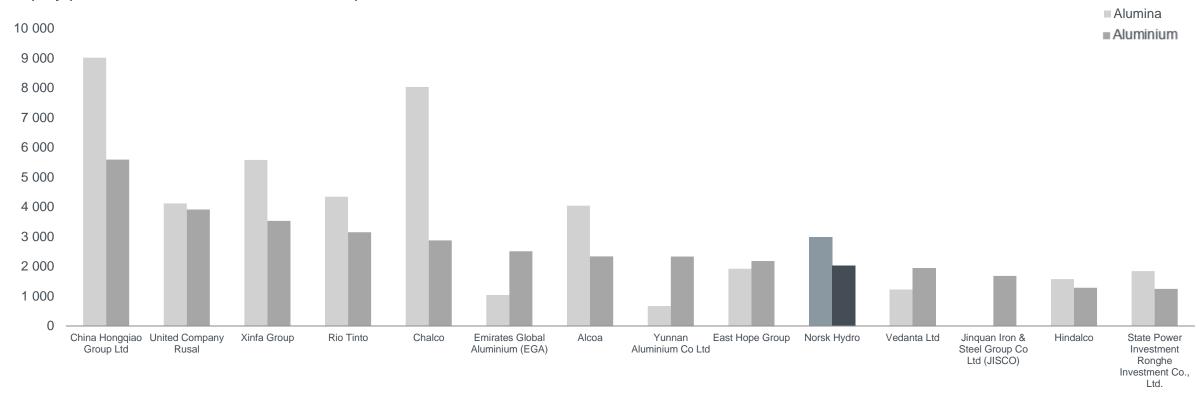
Outside China

<sup>2)</sup> Extrusion ingot, sheet ingot, primary foundry alloys and wire rod

# Hydro - the fifth largest aluminium producer outside China



Equity production in 2021 in aluminium equivalents, thousand tonnes



Source: CRU Hydro with Alunorte at 6.3 million mt Ala to Al conversion factor: 1.925

# Progress made on the 2025 strategy



Seizing opportunities where our capabilities match the megatrends

1 Strengthen position in low-carbon aluminium



2 Diversify and grow in new energy



### Strengthen position in low-carbon aluminium



Improvement program, commercial ambition and recycling investments key strategic levers

### Cost-competitive asset base



- Safety and operational excellence
- 1st quartile cost positions upstream
- Continuous improvement and optimization of portfolio

### Commercial uplift



- New products, including greener brands
- Market share in attractive segments
- Margin expansion in customer projects
- Substitution potential

### Recycling growth



- Double post-consumer scrap use by 2025
- Develop recycling value chain from sourcing to products and customers
- Strong market position across value chain



# Hydro Energy aims to be the renewable energy leader enabling decarbonization of industry



1 With renewables, energy efficiency and electrification we can tackle 70% of global emissions

2 Green hydrogen to address 30% from 'hard to abate' sectors

World-class energy competence center



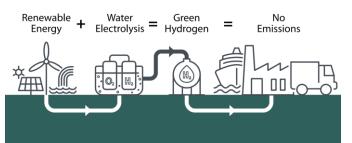
REIN Hydro



**Batteries** 



HAVRAND D



The renewable energy leader enabling the decarbonization and energy transition for industries

# Capital allocated according to strategic modes



Strategic modes reflect global megatrends and high-return opportunities

# Safe, compliant and efficient operations - The Hydro Way



Businesses

Strategic mode

**Towards 2025** 



B&A

Sustain and improve

Reduce risk, improve sustainability footprint, improve on cost position



**Aluminium Metal** 

Sustain and improve

Robust and greener, increase product flexibility, improve cost position



Recycling

Selective growth

Substantial shift in conversion of postconsumer scrap



Energy

Selective growth

Grow in batteries and renewables



**Extrusions** 

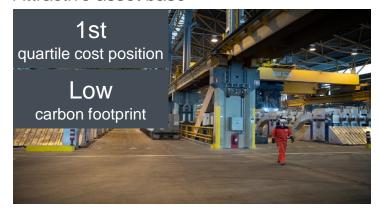
Selective growth

Platform strategy executed, selective growth

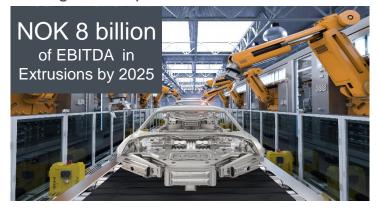
# Why invest in Hydro?



#### Attractive asset base



## Strong market position



#### Leadership in greener aluminium



#### Profitable growth journey



## Strong balance sheet and shareholder focus



## Sustainability position





Bauxite & Alumina

## Bauxite and alumina cluster in Para, Brazil



#### MRN bauxite mine



- · Top 3 bauxite mine in the world
- 5% ownership
- Volume off-take agreement for Vale's 40% stake
- 2020 production 12.9 mill tonnes

### Paragominas bauxite mine



- 100% ownership
- Nameplate capacity of 9.9 million tonnes
- 2017 production 11.4 million tonnes
- 2018 production 6.2 million tonnes\*
- 2019 production 7.4 million tonnes\*
- 2020 production 8.6 million tonnes
- · Long-life resource

## **Alunorte alumina refinery**



- 92% ownership
- World's largest alumina refinery outside China
- Nameplate capacity of 6.3 million tonnes
- 2017 production
   6.4 million tonnes
- 2018 production
   3.7 million tonnes\*
- 2019 production
   4.5 million tonnes\*
- 2020 production 5.5 million tonnes

- Bauxite supplied from Paragominas and MRN
- World-class conversion cost position
- Utilizing state-of-the-art press filter technology to process bauxite residue
- Enhancing plant robustness to prepare for extreme weather events

Bauxite licenses

Refining and mining competencies

External supply contracts

Sales contract portfolio

<sup>\*</sup> Alunorte and Paragominas produced at 50% capacity from March 2018 to May 2019 due to a 50% production embargo on the Alunorte refinery. The production embargo was lifted in May 2019.

# Improved production after extended pipeline maintenance in Q3 2020



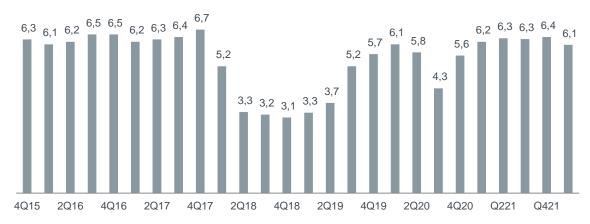
### Bauxite production in Paragominas





## Alumina production at Alunorte

Annualized million tonnes



## Paragominas bauxite mine

- Production affected by Alunorte embargo from March 2018 May 2019
- Production affected by extended pipeline maintenance from August to October 2020

## Alunorte alumina refinery

- Production affected by 50% Alunorte embargo from March 2018 May 2019
- Production affected by extended pipeline maintenance from August to October 2020

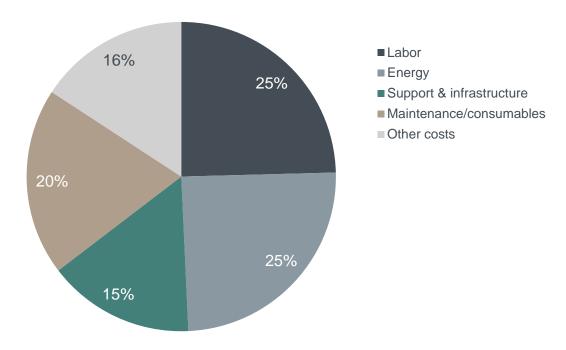
<sup>\*</sup> Extended maintenance period in March / April 2015 resulted in lower bauxite production

# Bauxite operational mining costs in Paragominas



- Energy cost Power and fuel
- Large fixed cost base
- Labor cost
  - Influenced by Brazilian wage level
- Maintenance and consumables
  - Mainly influenced by Brazilian inflation

## Indicative Paragominas bauxite mining costs

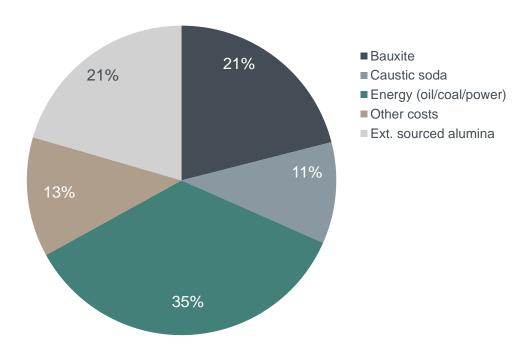


# Favorable integrated alumina cost position



- Implied alumina cost 2021 USD 249 per mt<sup>1)</sup>
  - · Alunorte, Paragominas and external alumina sourcing for resale
- Bauxite
  - Internal bauxite from Paragominas at cost, sourced bauxite from MRN
  - External bauxite sales
- Energy
  - · Energy mix of heavy fuel oil, coal and electric power
- Caustic soda
  - Competitive caustic soda consumption due to bauxite quality
  - · Competitive caustic soda sourcing contracts
- Other costs
  - · Maintenance, labor and services

## Indicative implied alumina cost composition



# Strong commercial organization maximizing the value of B&A assets



## **External alumina sourcing**

- 2.0-2.5 million mt of external alumina sourced annually
- Long term off-take agreement with Rio Tinto
  - ~900 000 mt annually from Yarwun refinery
- Short and medium-term contracts
  - To balance and optimize position geographically
  - · Various pricing mechanisms
    - Older contracts linked to LME
    - · New medium to long term contracts mostly index
    - · Fixed USD per mt for spot contracts on index

## Long positions in bauxite and alumina

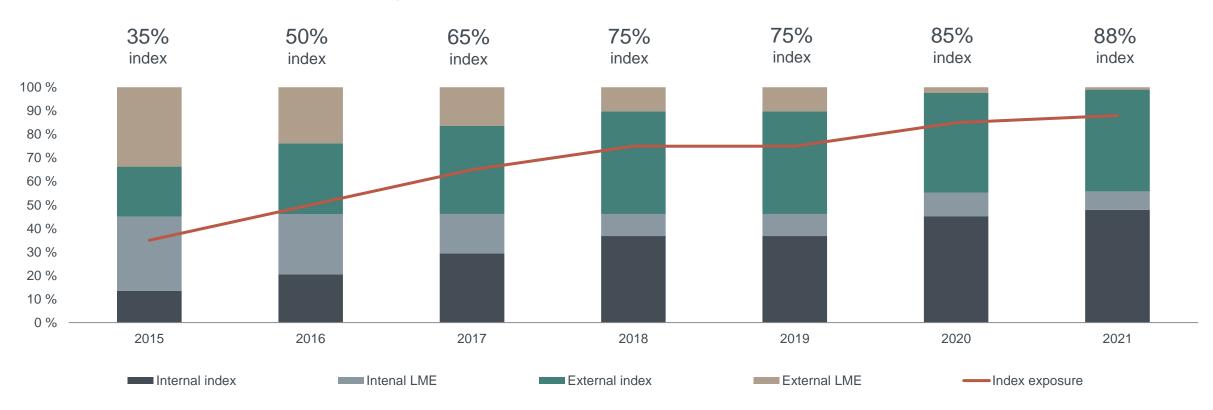
- Pricing should reflect bauxite and alumina market fundamentals
- Selling surplus MRN bauxite externally
  - · Premium for high bauxite product quality
  - Majority sold to customers in the Atlantic basin
  - Mostly term contracts based on % of PAX and/or fixed USD/mt element
- Selling 3-4 million mt/yr of alumina externally
  - Index pricing and short to medium-term contracts
  - New contracts: 100% sold on index, except Hydrate and short-term contracts, normal terms 1-5 years
  - Legacy LME-linked contracts: priced at ~14% of LME 3M

# Shift of alumina sales to index-based pricing continues at full speed



Index pricing the new norm for the industry

Sales exposure to index and short term pricing<sup>1)</sup>



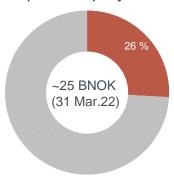
<sup>1)</sup> Rounded figures. Indicating volumes available for index pricing. Includes minority sales priced at % of LME with floor. Based on annual sourced volumes of around 2.5 mill t, assuming normal production at Alunorte.

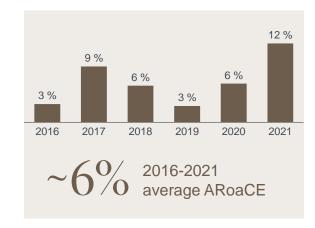
# Capital return dashboard for Bauxite & Alumina



Returns below the cost of capital reflecting challenging markets, embargo and operational issues during the early years

#### Capital employed in B&A





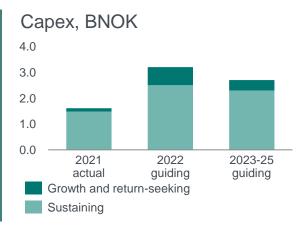




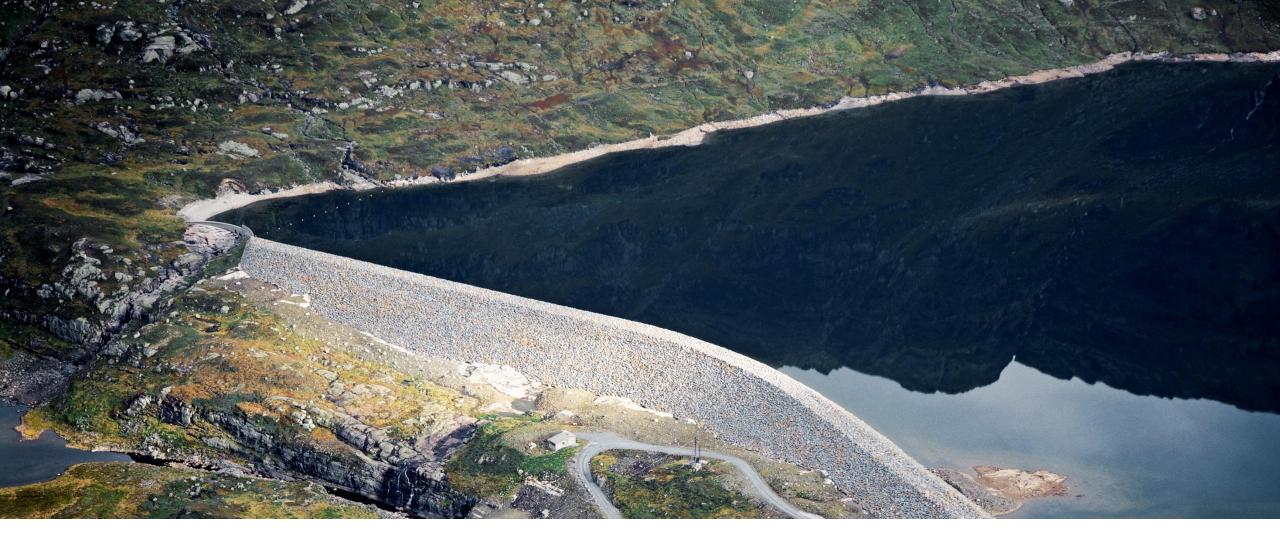
3.0 + 0.2 BNOK

on EBITDA by 2025 in improvement potential

Fuel switch
project improving
Alunorte's
competitiveness and
sustainability





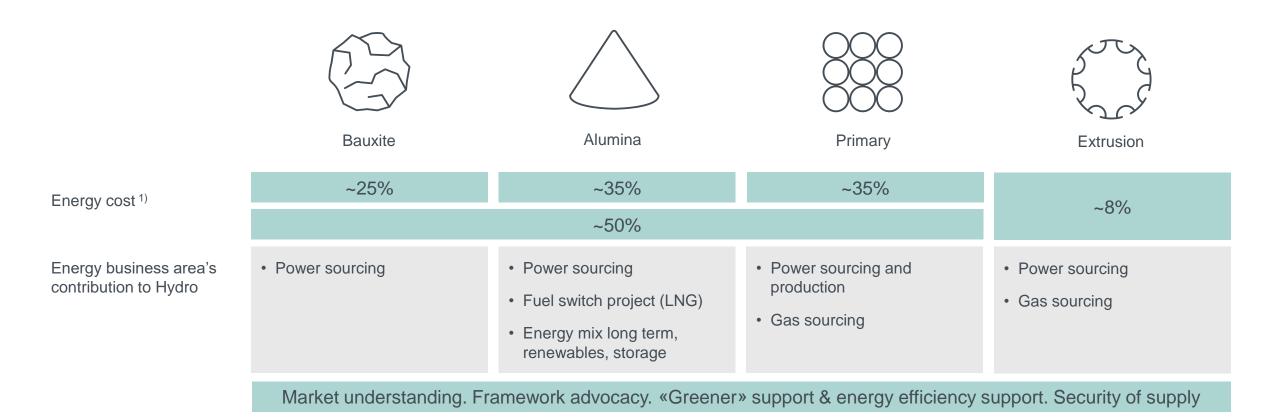


# Energy

# Energy is a key differentiator in the aluminium industry



Center of energy excellence in Hydro



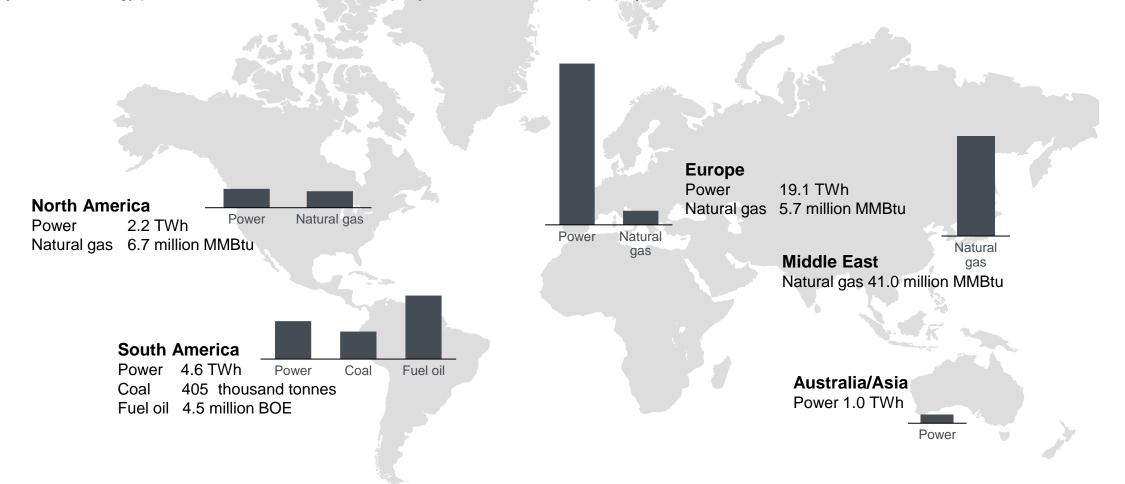
1) Share of Business Operating Cash Cost

# Hydro's global primary energy demand



Spanning the entire aluminium value chain, all global regions and energy carriers

Hydro's total energy portfolio amounts to 214 million GJ per year based on ownership equity



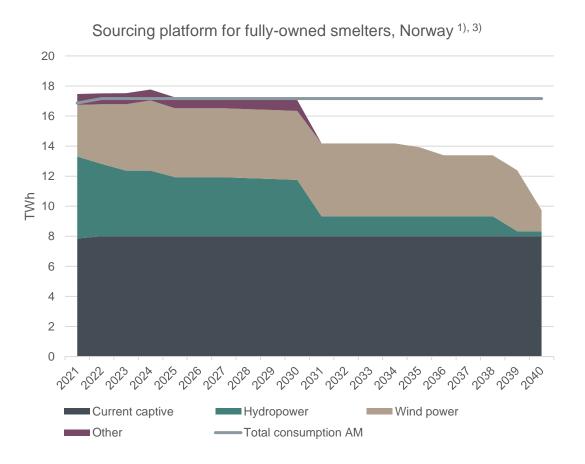
Primary energy is defined as energy production plus energy imports, minus energy exports.

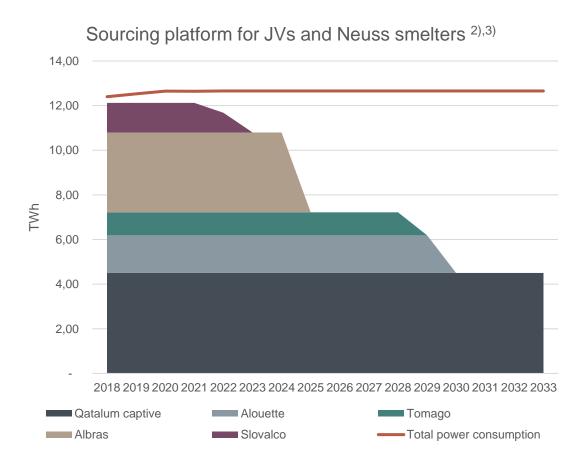
Values are listed in its conventional trading unit. Electrical energy: 1 MWh = 3.6 GJ, MMBtu = Million British thermal units = 1.06 GJ, ton=metric ton thermal coal = 28 GJ, BOE= Barrel of Oil Equivalent = 6.12 GJ. Bar charts are represented in the equivalent primary energy size for each category.

# Securing long-term competitive power sourcing for smelters



Unique combination of hydro and wind power





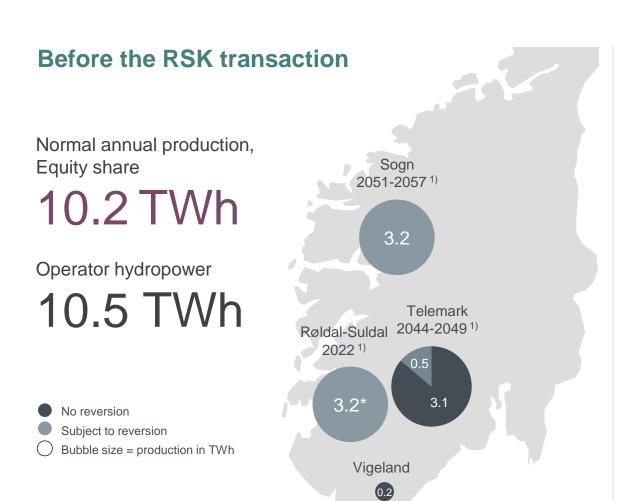
3) Adjusted for sale of rolled products

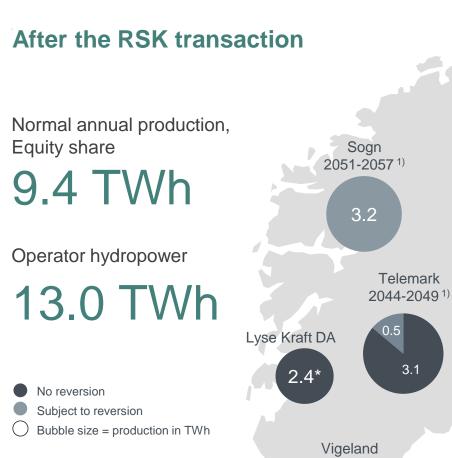
<sup>1)</sup> Net ~8 TWh captive assumed available for smelters

<sup>2)</sup> Hydro Share: Qatalum captive(50%), Alouette(20%), Tomago (12.4%), Albras(51%), Slovalco(55%)

# Overview of Hydro's hydropower portfolio

Lower captive volume and higher operator volume post transaction





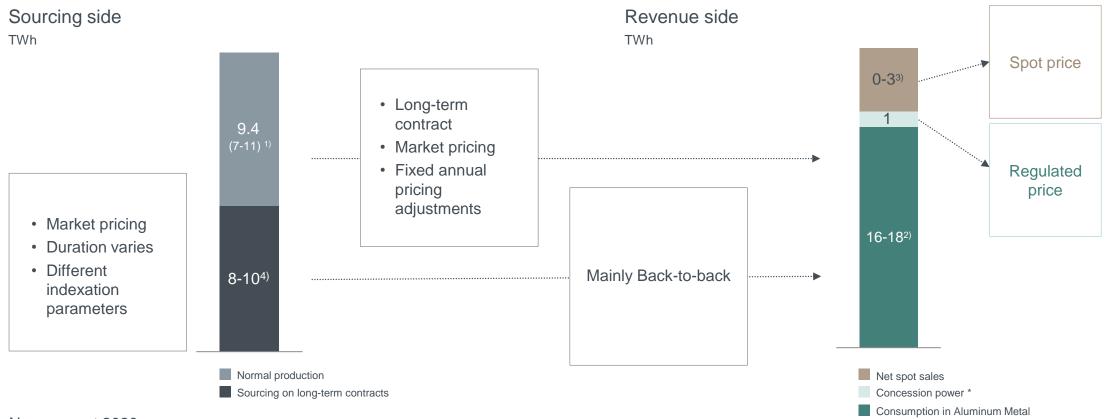
<sup>1)</sup> Reversion year

<sup>\*</sup> Production figures for RSK and Lyse Kraft DA are based on a historical average reference as assumed in the transaction. Figures for Sogn and Telemark reflect estimated middle production

# Market pricing principle applied to internal contracts



Based on external price references



#### Norway post 2020

2) Consumption in AM at current production levels and at full installed capacity

4) Depending on status of sourcing

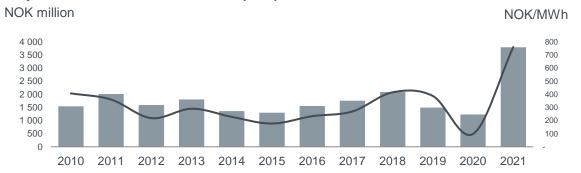
<sup>1)</sup> Depending on the precipitation level, hydropower production may vary from 7 TWh in a dry year to 11 TWh in a wet year

<sup>3)</sup> Net spot sales vary depending on the power production level and internal consumption in AM

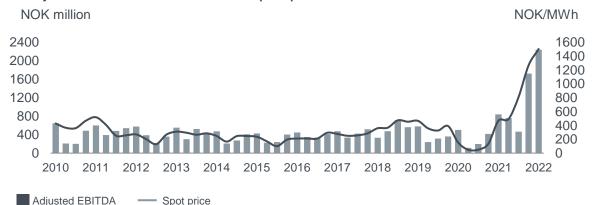
# Energy earnings drivers



### Adjusted EBITDA and NO2 spot price



## Adjusted EBITDA and NO2 spot price



- Production and market prices strongly linked to hydrological conditions
- Lift in annual EBITDA contribution from 2021
  - Positive impact from expiry of legacy supply contract from 2021
  - 8 TWh internal contract for power sales to Aluminium Metal in Norway effective from 2021-30
- Seasonal market variations in demand and supply. Gains or losses may occur from delink between area prices arising due to transmission capacity limitations in the Nordic area
- Power portfolio optimized versus market
- Stable and competitive cost base:
  - Mainly fixed costs
  - · Volume-related transmission costs

1) Adjusted EBIT 2006 based on USGAAP 2) Compared to 2020

# Building complementary businesses, creating value



A platform for growth, scaling and new ideas



Wind and solar

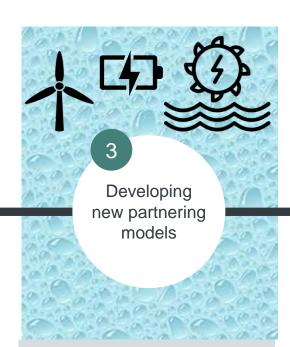
Battery value chain

Attractively positioned for ESGdriven financial sector



Extensive experience in liberalized and connected power markets, deep operational, commercial, regulatory and project competence

Trusted industrial partner



Extracting value from existing assets, competencies, positions

Well-positioned to access thirdparty project finance resources and ESG funding support



Responsible operations and more climate friendly solutions for the low-carbon, circular economy

Sustainability across the value chain

# Growing and diversifying our portfolio where capabilities match trends: Renewable Growth





- Capturing existing value in Hydro's power demand and industrial footprint
  - Approx. 10 TWh repowering required by 2025
  - 100+ sites globally
- Leveraging Hydro's unique position in value chain
  - Power sourcing and trading, source optimization
  - Asset operations (hydro, wind)
  - Project management; commercial expertise
  - Industrial energy management
- Solidifying position in high growth renewables industry
- Supporting Hydro's low carbon and sustainability agenda

# Hydro well placed for growth in battery industry



## Battery industry

Batteries are needed for electrification and decarbonization

Industrial and political push for a European sustainable battery value chain Long value chain with optimization of high-value materials

Partnerships needed to succeed

Industry driven by automotive OEM customers







Strong European operational footprint and focus on sustainability



Industrial experience from integrated value chain



Experienced and trusted partner in Europe and Norway



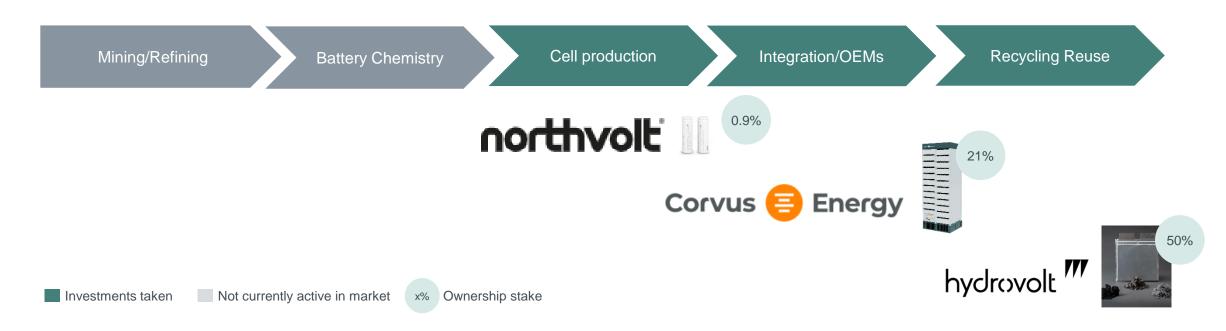
Experienced solutions provider for automotive OEMs with multiple touch-points relevant for battery sector



# Strategy of stepwise engagement in the battery value chain, leveraging Hydro's strengths



- Aim: to build a new sustainable and profitable business that will diversify and strengthen Hydro's overall portfolio
- New business unit "Hydro Batteries" to perform active industrial ownership of current assets and develop new opportunities
- Expanding battery footprint with selective positions and partnerships across value chain
- Successful strategic investments already made with strong pipeline of opportunities

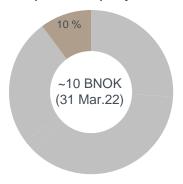


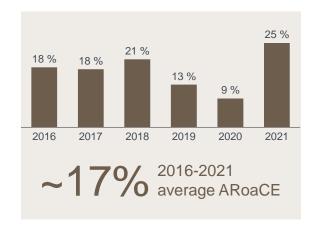
# Capital return dashboard for Energy



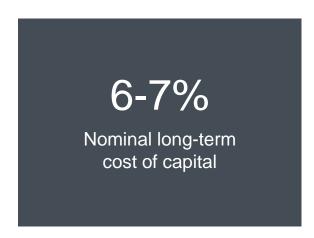
Returns above the cost of capital reflecting the depreciated asset base

Capital employed in Energy

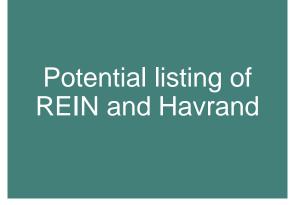


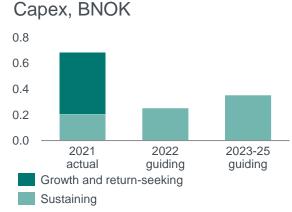






Lower realized unit costs over time following Lyse Kraft DA transaction synergies







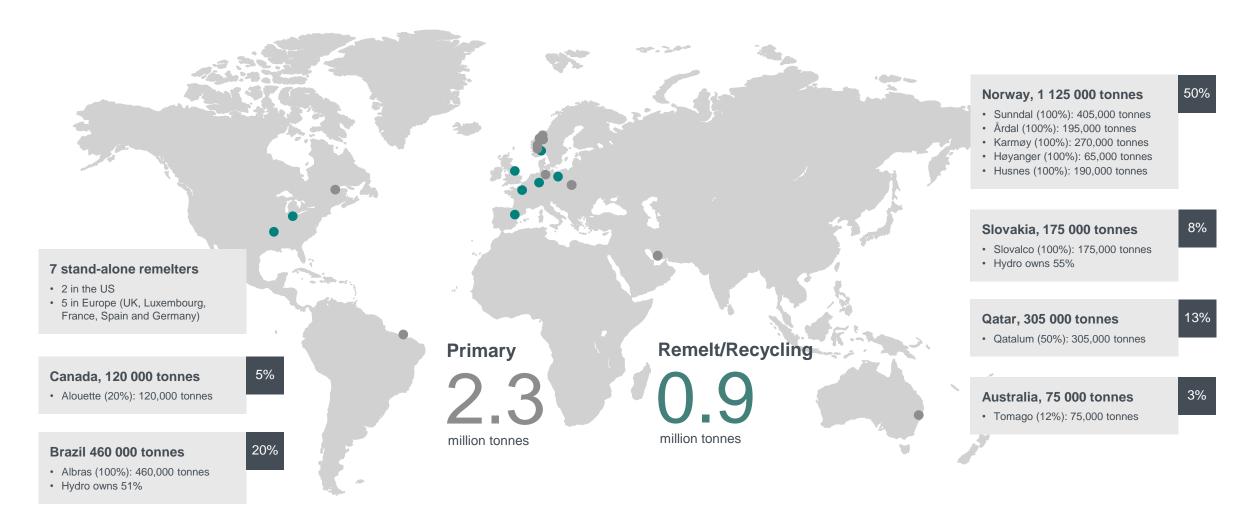


Aluminium Metal

# World-wide primary aluminium production network



## Aluminium Metal and Metal Markets



# Unlocking new improvements through Industry 4.0 initiatives



40 ongoing projects



Robotics & Automation projects



Mobile Maintenance Worker



Trusted Data Layer Casthouse



Trusted Data Layer Carbon + Analytics workbench improvements



Soft Sensor incl. Trusted Data Layer



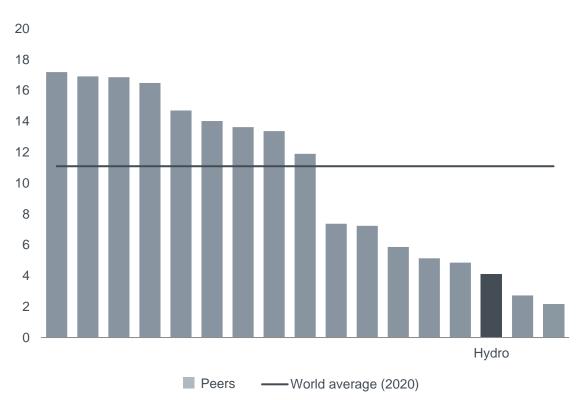
Bring Your Own Device

Digital Foundation including Cyber Security

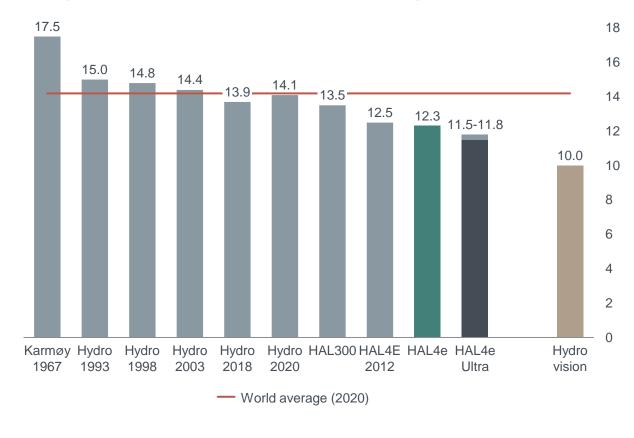
# Low carbon footprint due to renewable energy base and industry lowest energy consumption







## Energy consumption in Hydro smelters<sup>1)</sup>, kwh/kg al



# Competitive primary aluminium cash cost



## Primary aluminium cash cost 2021

- All-in implied primary aluminium cash cost<sup>1)</sup> USD 1 950 per mt
- LME implied primary aluminium cash cost<sup>2)</sup> USD 1 500 per mt

#### Alumina

- Purchases based on alumina index ~85%
- Purchased based on LME link ~15% (only for Qatalum)

#### Power

- Long-term contracts
- 2/3 of power need from renewable power
- · Contracts with a mix of indexations; inflation, LME, coal, fixed

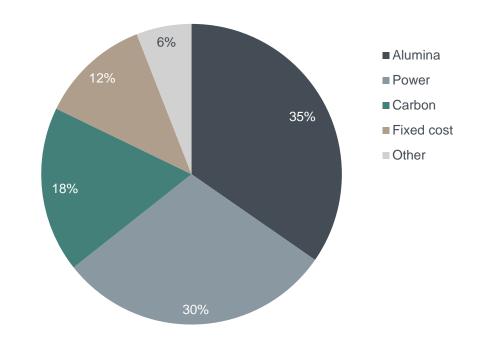
#### Carbon

- 2-3 year contracts for petroleum coke and pitch, quarterly pricing
- Fixed costs
  - · Maintenance, labor, services and other

#### Other

· Other direct costs and relining

### Liquid aluminium cash cost 2021 3)



<sup>1)</sup> Realized LME aluminium price (incl.strategic hedges) plus premiums minus adjusted EBITDA margin, including Qatalum, per mt primary aluminium sold

<sup>2)</sup> Realized LME aluminium price (incl.strategic hedges) minus adjusted EBITDA margin, including Qatalum, per mt primary aluminium produced

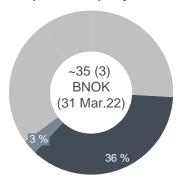
<sup>3)</sup> Pie chart based on cost of producing liquid aluminium, not directly comparable to the LME or All-in implied primary aluminium cash cost

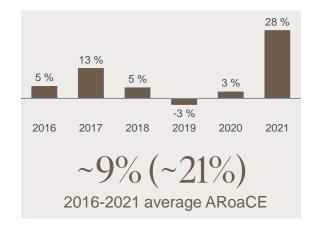
# Capital return dashboard for Aluminium Metal & Metal Markets



Investments in recycling capacity to support growth

### Capital employed in AM (MM)









3.0 + 0.2 BNOK

on EBITDA by 2025 in improvement potential and commercial ambitions

Investments in recycling capacity to support growth





Creep and recycling with high profitability

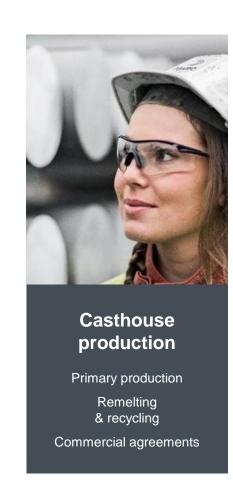


Metal Markets

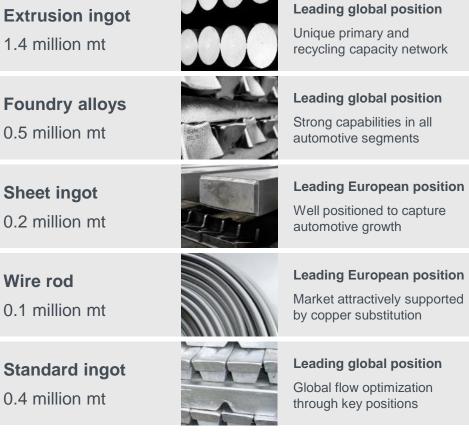
# Strong position in value-added casthouse products



- Capitalizing on value-added casthouse products portfolio
- Extensive multi-sourcing system including fully- and part-owned primary casthouses and stand-alone remelters
- Flexible sourcing system enabling rapid and cost effective volume adjustments
- Value creation from margin management based on commercial expertise and risk management competence
- Strong market positions in Europe, US and Asia







# Pricing of value-added products



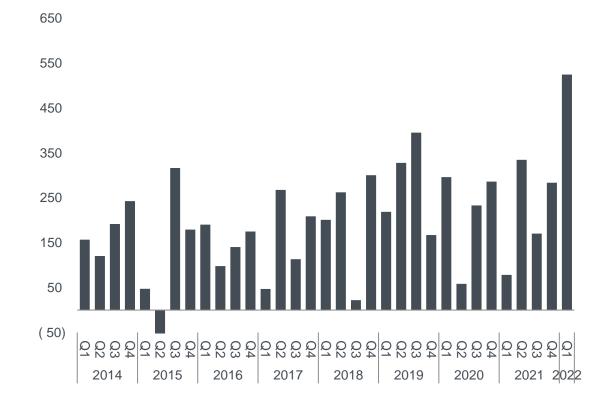
	Smelter	Intermediate product	Casthouse
	Aluminium	Standard ingot	Value added products  Extrusion ingot Foundry alloy Sheet ingot Wire rod
SN	Traded on LME	US Midwest - 1020     (in cent per pound)	<ul> <li>Extrusion Ingot – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Foundry Alloy – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Sheet ingot – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Wire rod - Priced above standard ingot</li> </ul>
Europe	Traded on LME	Duty paid IW Rotterdam     Duty unpaid IW Rotterdam	<ul> <li>Extrusion ingot – Priced above LME</li> <li>Foundry Alloy – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> <li>Sheet ingot – Priced above standard ingot</li> <li>Wire rod - Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> </ul>
Asia	Traded on LME & SHFE	<ul><li>CIF Japan Premium (MJP)</li><li>Singapore In Warehouse</li><li>CIF South Korea</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Extrusion ingot – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> <li>Foundry Alloy – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> <li>Sheet ingot – Priced partly above standard ingot and partly above LME</li> </ul>

# Metal Markets earnings drivers



- Remelters
  - Revenue impact volume and product premiums above LME
  - Cost impact
    - Scrap and standard ingot premiums above LME
    - Raw material mix
    - Freight cost proximity to market
    - Energy consumption and prices
- Other main businesses
  - · Physical and LME trading
  - Third-party products
- Results influenced by currency fluctuations and inventory valuation effects
- Adjusted EBITDA at around 300-400 MNOK per quarter, with seasonally higher Q1 and Q2

Adjusted EBITDA excluding currency effects and inventory valuation effect, NOK million<sup>1)</sup>

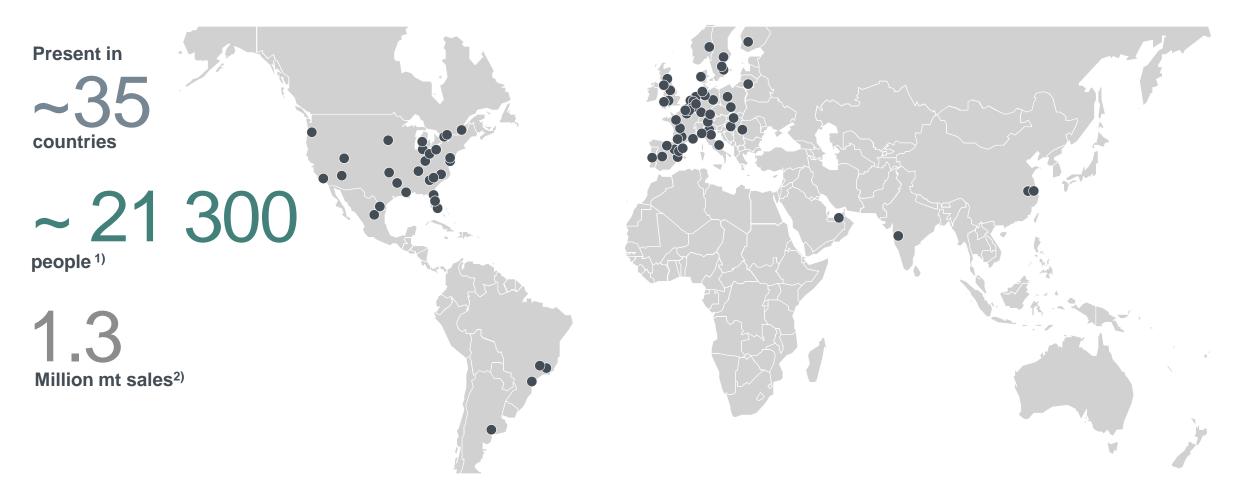




# Hydro Extrusions

# Extrusions - #1 in the global aluminium extrusion industry





<sup>1)</sup> Permanent employees as of end-2021

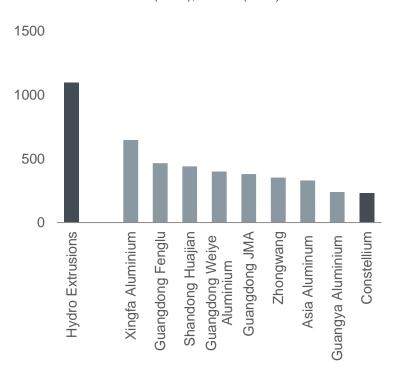
105

# Extrusions with unrivalled position as largest extruder globally with a strong and diversified segment footprint

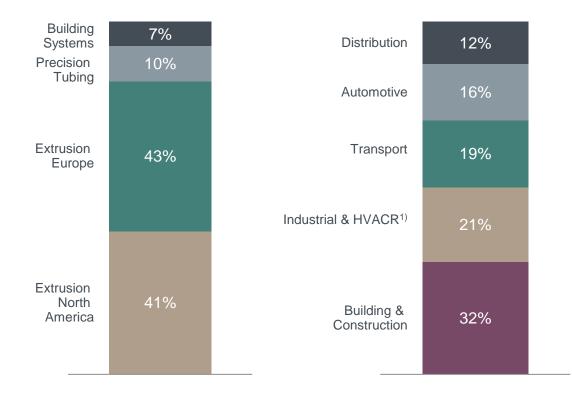


# Unrivalled position as #1 extrusions provider globally

Extrusion sales volume (2020), tonnes (000s)



Four distinct Business Units, all with strong segment presence Total volume 2021: 1.3 million tonnes<sup>1)</sup>



# Organized in four business units to maximize synergies across



21,100 highly competent people across the world, total turnover of BNOK 70

## **Extrusion Europe**



- Market leader focusing on value-added products
- 17% market share
- 32 locations, 9,200 people

Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 27.8 BNOK 2.5

#### **Extrusion North America**



- Uniquely positioned as the only coast-to-coast supplier
- 21% market share
- 21 locations, 6,100 people

Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 26.7 BNOK 2.0

## **Precision Tubing**



- Global Technology market leader in Precision Tubing segment
- 35% market share Europe & the US
- 10 locations, 2,700 people

Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 7.0 BNOK 0.6

## **Building Systems**



- Leading European player with multi-brand portfolio
- 17% market share in Europe
- Presence in 26 countries, 3,100 people

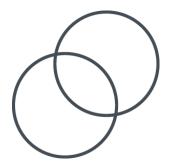
Revenue UEBITDA BNOK 9.5 BNOK 0.9

Financial figures for 2021, employee data as of end-2021

# Successful value-over-volume strategy



Targeting the high-tech, high-competence segments of extrusion



Simplify and collaborate

Simplification drive to increase focus, reduce complexity and cost



Deliver value-added to our customers at a reasonable cost

Higher share of value-added solutions to customers through commercial excellence and innovation

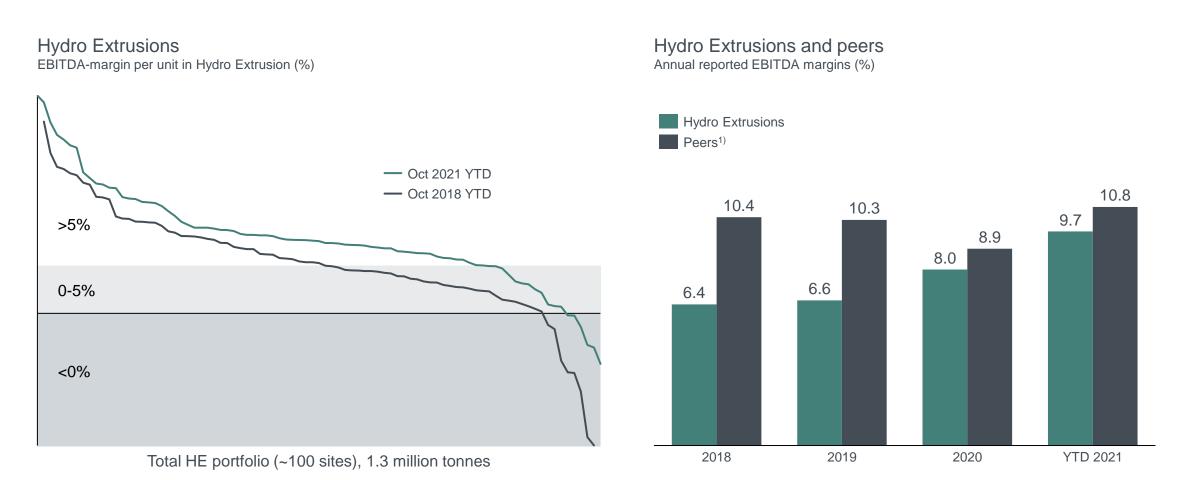


Grow to lift margins and profitability

Lifting margins and creating more customer value through selective growth

## In Extrusions, improvements and restructuring have increased profitability, closing gap to peers



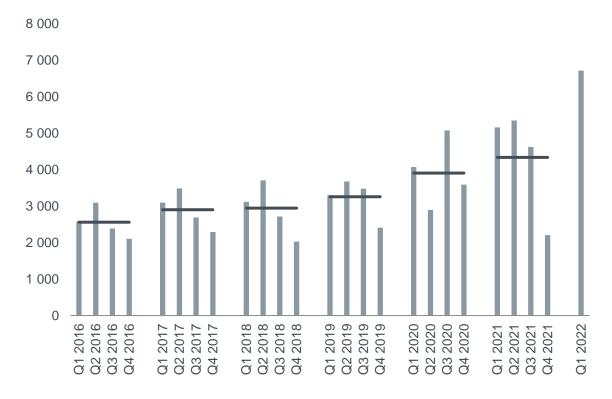


<sup>1)</sup> Non-weighted average EBITDA-margin of Constellium AS&I, Bonnell, and Profilgruppen Source: Company filings

### Extrusions earnings drivers



#### Adjusted EBITDA per tonne<sup>1)</sup>, NOK



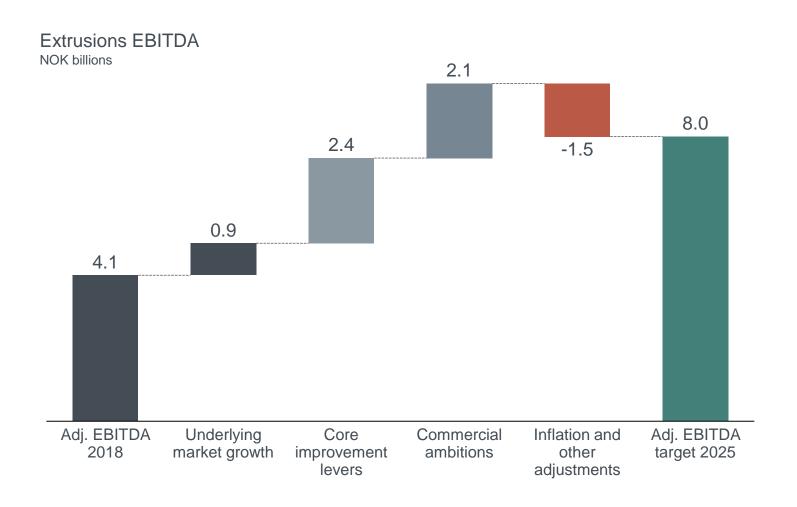
#### Contract structure

- · Margin business based on conversion price
  - · LME element passed on to customers
- Mostly short-term contract, typically ranging from spot to 12 months, few longer term contracts with floating price or hedging in place
- High share of variable costs high level of flexibility
- Annual seasonality driven by maintenance and customer activity
  - Stronger Q1 and Q2, weaker Q3 and Q4
- Strong focus on increasing value add to customers
- Preferred supplier market position in high-end products

1) Pro-forma figures

# Further improvements and growth agenda providing attractive uplift toward 2025





#### Key improvement levers towards 2025

#### Underlying market growth

 Capitalize on underlying growth in extrusion demand in key regions and segments

#### Dedicated cost reduction programs

- Procurement
- SG&A cost
- Restructuring
- Operational improvements through our way of working, Extrusion Business System (EBS)

#### Commercial ambitions

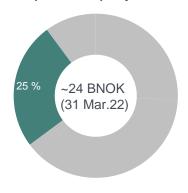
- Market share growth
- Margin uplift through commercial excellence and dedicated segment focus
- Stronger market positions through greener products offering

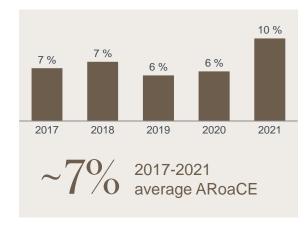
### Capital return dashboard for Extrusions



Returns in line with the cost of capital reflecting leading market positions in high value segments and portfolio optimization

#### Capital employed in Extrusions









2.4 + 2.1 BNOK

on EBITDA by 2025 in improvement potential and commercial ambitions

Investments in new presses and recycling projects to support growth



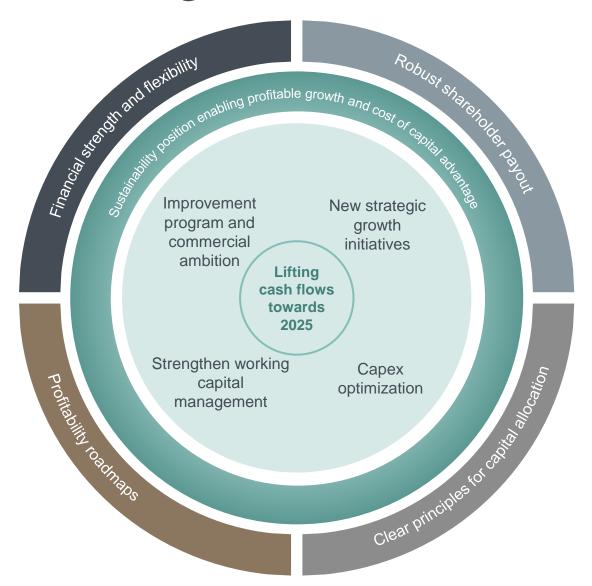




## Additional information

### Solid framework for lifting returns and cash flow





### Clear principles for capital allocation



Evaluate funds available for allocation Strategy Review Projected funds from operations in several market scenarios Strong balance sheet Dividend commitments to shareholders **Sustaining capex** License to operate (HSE, CSR, compliance) External and internal benchmarking Affordability **Excess cash flow** Key considerations affecting growth capital availability Extraordinary dividends Portfolio review and Net operating capital Share buybacks divestments Organic and inorganic growth Aligned with strategic priorities for each business area Execution Planning Stringent return requirements by and within business area Other criteria - risk, market outlook, historical profitability, sustainability impact

## Shareholder and financial policy

### Hedging policy



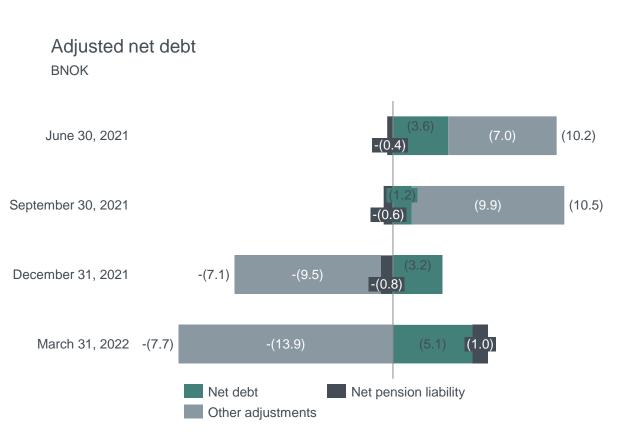
- Aiming for competitive shareholder returns and dividend yield compared to alternative investments in peers
- Dividend policy
  - Average ordinary payout ratio: 50% of adjusted net income over the cycle
  - 1.25 NOK/share to be considered as a floor
  - Share buybacks and extraordinary dividends as supplement in periods with strong financials and outlook
  - Five-year average ordinary pay-out ratio 2017-2021 of ~71%
- Maintain investment-grade credit rating
  - Currently: BBB stable (S&P) & Baa3 stable (Moody's)
  - Competitive access to capital is important for Hydro's business model (counterparty risk and partnerships)
- Financial ratio target over the business cycle
  - Adjusted net debt to adjusted EBITDA < 2x</li>

#### Hedging strategy

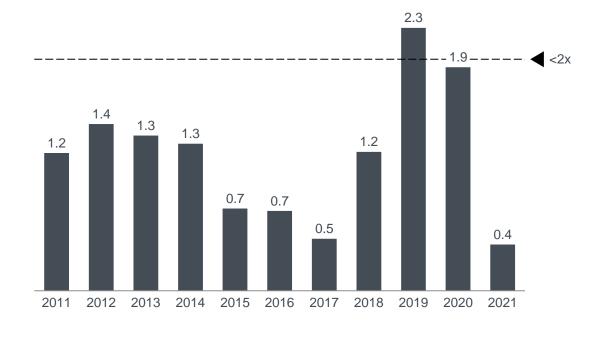
- Fluctuating with the market: primarily exposed to LME and USD
- · Volatility mitigated by strong balance sheet
- Strengthening relative position to ensure competitiveness
- Diversified business
  - · Upstream cyclicality balanced with more stable earnings downstream
  - · Exposed to different markets and cycles
- Bauxite & Alumina
  - Currency exposure, mainly USD and BRL
  - Exposed to LME and Platts alumina index prices
- Aluminium Metal
  - Operational LME hedging one-month forward sales
  - · Currency exposure, mainly USD, NOK and BRL
- Metal Markets Operational LME and currency hedging to secure margin
- Flexibility to hedge LME or currency in certain cases

# Maintaining a solid balance sheet and investment-grade credit rating





#### Adjusted net debt to adjusted EBITDA1)

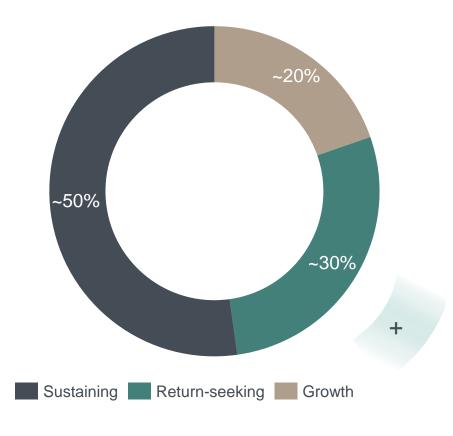


### Investments based on strategic priorities



~50% of capex 2022-25 is related to return seeking and growth capex

2022-25e CAPEX outlook



#### **Growth & Return-seeking**

- Capacity investments in Extrusions with new presses in USA, Europe and China
- Recycling investments including greenfield investments in Michigan (USA) and Hungary, capacity increases in Sweden, Spain and Germany
- Investments in batteries
- Alunorte Fuel Switch project
- CO2 reduction technology in AM

#### **Sustaining investments**

- Opening of the new M5 mine in Paragominas
- Maintenance of the bauxite pipeline between Paragominas and Alunorte
- Operational robustness investments at Alunorte (incl. water management)
- Lifetime extension of the SU3 line at Sunndal

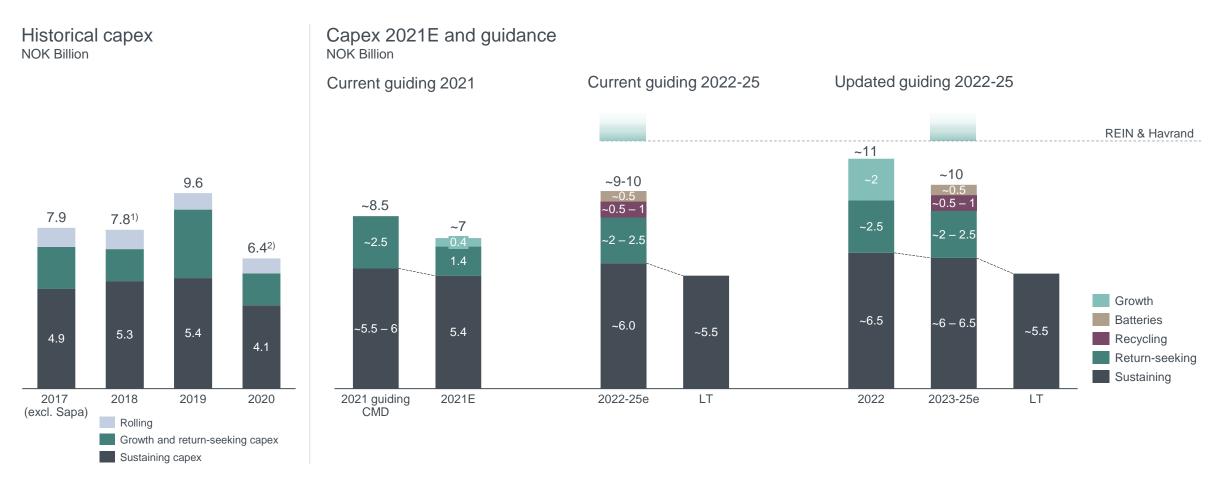
#### **REIN & Havrand**

- Not included in CAPEX guidance
- Limited Hydro cash spend; investments based on external equity injection in respective companies
- Debt financing using special purpose vehicles (SPVs)

### Annual capex guidance of BNOK ~10 for 2023- 2025



Inorganic growth in line with strategic modes could come in addition



Capex including Extrusions

Growth and return-seeking capex guidance 2022-25 avg only includes capex necessary for delivering on targeted improvement ambitions and commercial initiatives

<sup>1)</sup> Excluding the Pis/Cofins adjustments in Brazil in 2018. Including the adjustment, 2018 capex amounted to BNOK 7.0

<sup>2)</sup> Excluding NOK (0.1) billion from, e.g., changes in prepayments/payables for capex. Cash effective capex based on the cash flow statement amounts to NOK 6.5 billion (adjusted for changes in short-term investments)

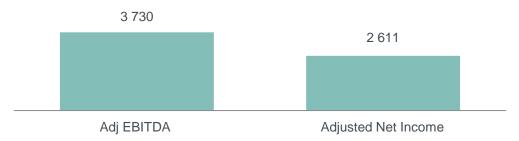
# Significant exposure to commodity and currency fluctuations



120

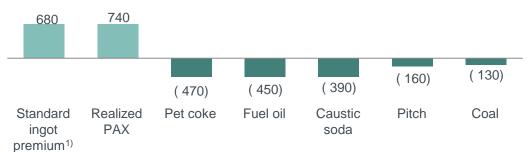
Aluminium price sensitivity +10%

NOK million



#### Other commodity prices, sensitivity +10%

NOK million



#### Currency sensitivities +10%

Sustainable effect:

NOK million	USD	BRL	EUR
Adj. EBITDA	4 370	(560)	(240)

#### One-off reevaluation effect:

Financial items (470) 620 (4 190)
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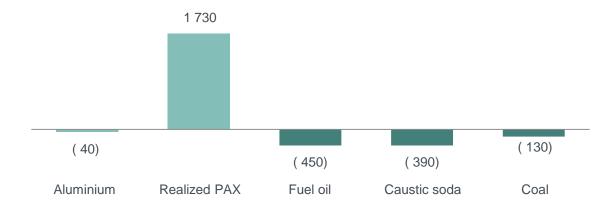
- Annual adjusted sensitivities based on normal annual business volumes. LME USD 2660 per mt, standard ingot premium 345 USD/mt, PAX 370 USD/mt, fuel oil USD 935 per mt, petroleum coke USD 585 per mt, pitch 925 EUR/t, caustic soda USD 705 per mt, coal USD 220 per mt, USD/NOK 8.84, BRL/NOK 1.70, EUR/NOK 9.92
- Aluminium price sensitivity is net of aluminium price indexed costs and excluding unrealized effects related to operational hedging
- BRL sensitivity calculated on a long-term basis with fuel oil assumed in USD. In the short-term, fuel oil
  is BRL-denominated
- Excludes effects of priced contracts in currencies different from adjusted currency exposure (transaction exposure)
- · Currency sensitivity on financial items includes effects from intercompany positions
- · 2022 Platts alumina index (PAX) exposure used
- U NI sensitivity calculated as UEBITDA sensitivity after 30% tax
- Sensitivities include strategic hedges for 2022 (remaining volumes for 2022, annualized)

1) Europe duty paid

### Bauxite & Alumina sensitivities



### Annual sensitivities on adjusted EBITDA if +10% in price NOK million



#### Currency sensitivities +10%

NOK million	USD	BRL	EUR
Adj. EBITDA	800	(420)	-

#### Revenue impact

· Realized alumina price lags PAX by one month

#### Cost impact

#### Bauxite

- ~2.45 tonnes bauxite per tonne alumina
- · Pricing partly LME-linked

#### Caustic soda

- ~0.1 tonnes per tonne alumina
- · Prices based on IHS Chemical, pricing mainly monthly per shipment

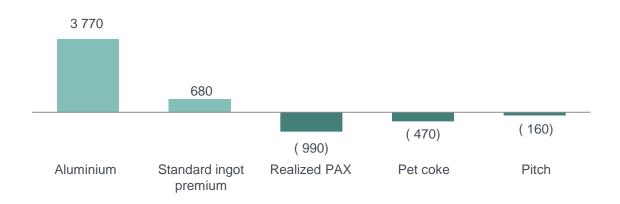
#### Energy

- ~0.12 tonnes coal per tonne alumina, Platts prices, one year volume contracts, weekly per shipment pricing
- ~0.11 tonnes heavy fuel oil per tonne alumina, prices set by ANP/Petrobras in Brazil, weekly pricing (ANP) or anytime (Petrobras)

### Alumimum Metal sensitivities



### Annual sensitivities on adjusted EBITDA if +10% in price NOK million



#### Currency sensitivities +10%

NOK million	USD	BRL	EUR
Adj. EBITDA	3 500	(150)	(790)

#### Revenue impact

- Realized price lags LME spot by ~1-2 months
- Realized premium lags market premium by ~2-3 months

#### Cost impact

#### Alumina

- ~1.9 tonnes per tonne aluminium
- ~ 2-3 months lag
- · Mainly priced on Platts index

#### Carbon

- ~0.40 tonnes petroleum coke per tonne aluminium, Pace Jacobs Consultancy, 2-3 year volume contracts, quarterly or half yearly pricing
- ~0.08 tonnes pitch per tonne aluminium, CRU, 2-3 year volume contracts, quarterly pricing

#### Power

- 14.0 MWh per tonne aluminium
- · Long-term power contracts with indexations

### Adjusting items to EBITDA, EBIT and net income



NOK million (+=loss/()=gain)		Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2021
Unrealized derivative effects on raw material contracts	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	(27)	(84)	(143)	113	(376)	(141)
Community contributions Brazil	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	-	-	202	15	-	217
Other effects	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	-	-	-	(46)	-	(46)
Total impact	Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	(27)	(84)	59	82	(376)	30
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 256	1 740	2 764	(849)	4 715	4 912
Unrealized effects on power contracts	Hydro Aluminium Metal	34	104	(122)	(2 779)	(766)	(2 763)
Significant rationalization charges and closure costs	Hydro Aluminium Metal	-	184	13	66	-	263
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Hydro Aluminium Metal	(35)	(26)	(35)	(23)	(19)	(120)
Other effects	Hydro Aluminium Metal	-	(232)	-	-	-	(232)
Total impact	Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 254	1 770	2 621	(3 585)	3 929	2 060
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Hydro Metal Markets	24	1	226	(210)	190	42
Other effects	Hydro Metal Markets	-	-	-	(46)	-	(46)
Total impact	Hydro Metal Markets	24	1	226	(256)	190	(4)
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Hydro Extrusions	(98)	(106)	20	306	(442)	122
Unrealized derivative effects on power contracts	Hydro Extrusions	-	-	(52)	(20)	(39)	(72)
Significant rationalization charges and closure costs	Hydro Extrusions	-	95	17	2	2	114
(Gains) / losses on divestments	Hydro Extrusions	-	-	(23)	(4)	(49)	(27)
Total impact	Hydro Extrusions	(98)	(10)	(38)	283	(527)	137
Unrealized derivative effects on power contracts	Hydro Energy	(19)	(9)	(22)	(57)	(236)	(107)
(Gains) / losses on divestments	Hydro Energy	(45)	-	-	-	-	(45)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Hydro Energy	4	6	5	6	4	21
Total impact	Hydro Energy	(59)	(3)	(18)	(51)	(232)	(131)
Unrealized derivative effects on LME related contracts	Other and eliminations	1	10	(6)	9	(15)	13
(Gains) / losses on divestments	Other and eliminations	-	-	(231)	-	-	(231)
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Other and eliminations	9	16	(5)	-	(21)	20
Other effects	Other and eliminations	-	-	-	66	-	66
Total impact	Other and eliminations	10	25	(242)	74	(36)	(132)
Adjusting items to EBITDA	Hydro	1 103	1 698	2 608	(3 451)	2 948	1 959
Impairment charges	Hydro Aluminium Metal	-	-	-	276	-	276
Impairment charges	Hydro Extrusions	122	7	14	7	-	150
Depreciation	Hydro Aluminium Metal	101	151	154	108	-	513
Adjusting items to EBIT	Hydro	1 326	1 857	2 776	(3 060)	2 948	2 899
Net foreign exchange (gain)/loss	Hydro	(653)	(550)	622	(823)	(2 392)	(1 404)
Adjusting items to income (loss) before tax	Hydro	673	1 307	3 398	(3 883)	556	1 495
Calculated income tax effect	Hydro	(106)	(555)	(1 027)	1 168	(181)	(520)
Adjusting items to net income (loss)	Hydro	567	752	2 371	(2 715)	374	976



#### Adjusted EBIT

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	535	1 047	108	116	556	383	466	1 913	718	1 806	3 318
Hydro Aluminium Metal	573	(37)	(156)	844	1 185	2 246	3 684	4 111	4 183	1 225	11 225
Hydro Metal Markets	261	21	198	248	43	301	133	245	487	728	721
Hydro Extrusions	702	89	894	511	1 244	1 266	828	(122)	1 587	2 196	3 217
Hydro Energy	437	53	132	352	792	713	417	1 674	2 192	974	3 596
Other and Eliminations	(565)	(173)	242	(393)	(261)	(17)	(219)	(793)	3	(889)	(1 291)
Total	1 943	1 000	1 419	1 678	3 559	4 891	5 309	7 026	9 170	6 040	20 786

#### Adjusted EBITDA

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	1 102	1 550	578	587	999	855	1 055	2 426	1 270	3 817	5 336
Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 197	560	404	1 432	1 754	2 807	4 263	4 676	4 765	3 593	13 500
Hydro Metal Markets	296	58	233	287	78	335	170	284	525	875	867
Hydro Extrusions	1 242	649	1 412	1 044	1 744	1 830	1 457	665	2 331	4 348	5 695
Hydro Energy	505	122	200	419	841	761	465	1 723	2 239	1 245	3 790
Other and Eliminations	(532)	(144)	272	(366)	(234)	10	(192)	(762)	35	(771)	(1 178)
Total	3 810	2 794	3 100	3 403	5 182	6 598	7 219	9 011	11 165	13 106	28 010



#### **EBIT**

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	406	1 047	108	111	583	467	407	1 830	1 094	1 672	3 288
Hydro Aluminium Metal	784	(777)	(93)	880	(171)	325	909	7 311	254	794	8 376
Hydro Metal Markets	485	(319)	385	216	19	299	(93)	500	297	766	725
Hydro Extrusions	628	(1 548)	1 038	331	1 220	1 269	852	(412)	2 114	449	2 929
Hydro Energy	454	20	118	5 665	851	716	435	1 724	2 424	6 258	3 727
Other and Eliminations	(530)	(11)	337	(379)	(271)	(43)	23	(868)	39	(582)	(1 158)
Total	2 228	(1 588)	1 893	6 824	2 233	3 034	2 533	10 086	6 222	9 356	17 887

#### **EBITDA**

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	973	1 550	578	582	1 026	940	996	2 344	1 647	3 683	5 306
Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 408	324	467	1 468	500	1 037	1 642	8 260	836	3 667	11 440
Hydro Metal Markets	521	(282)	420	254	55	333	(56)	540	335	913	872
Hydro Extrusions	1 181	496	1 633	915	1 842	1 840	1 495	381	2 858	4 225	5 558
Hydro Energy	523	88	186	5 732	900	764	483	1 774	2 471	6 529	3 921
Other and Eliminations	(497)	(144)	367	(351)	(244)	(15)	50	(837)	71	(625)	(1 046)
Total	4 107	2 032	3 651	8 601	4 079	4 899	4 610	12 462	8 217	18 390	26 050



#### Total revenue

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	6 029	6 173	5 334	5 503	6 026	5 976	6 984	8 713	7 901	23 039	27 699
Hydro Aluminium Metal	9 753	7 720	8 228	8 702	8 953	9 467	9 964	14 164	11 094	34 404	42 548
Hydro Metal Markets	12 912	10 485	11 290	12 178	13 624	15 275	16 447	19 715	22 674	46 865	65 061
Hydro Extrusions	15 140	11 593	13 372	14 390	16 334	17 470	17 984	18 509	23 468	54 496	70 296
Hydro Energy	2 115	1 423	1 539	1 890	2 343	2 213	2 116	3 477	4 268	6 967	10 149
Other and Eliminations	(14 340)	(12 051)	(12 247)	(12 842)	(15 327)	(15 843)	(16 784)	(18 146)	(22 788)	(51 479)	(66 099)
Total	31 609	25 343	27 516	29 823	31 951	34 559	36 710	46 433	46 616	114 291	149 654

#### External revenue

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	3 249	3 792	3 167	3 173	3 546	3 538	4 533	5 471	5 052	13 381	17 088
Hydro Aluminium Metal	1 968	1 393	1 632	2 046	762	621	310	3 681	(2 518)	7 039	5 373
Hydro Metal Markets	10 353	8 510	9 242	9 788	10 789	12 552	13 831	16 993	18 472	37 893	54 165
Hydro Extrusions	15 215	11 581	13 344	14 401	16 203	17 346	17 829	18 505	23 199	54 542	69 883
Hydro Energy	633	47	137	443	787	486	204	1 780	2 415	1 261	3 257
Other and Eliminations	191	20	(7)	(29)	(136)	16	4	2	(5)	175	(113)
Total	31 609	25 343	27 516	29 823	31 951	34 559	36 710	46 433	46 616	114 291	149 654



#### Internal revenue

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	2 780	2 380	2 168	2 330	2 479	2 438	2 452	3 242	2 848	9 658	10 610
Hydro Aluminium Metal	7 785	6 328	6 596	6 656	8 191	8 846	9 654	10 484	13 611	27 365	37 175
Hydro Metal Markets	2 559	1 975	2 047	2 390	2 835	2 723	2 616	2 722	4 201	8 972	10 896
Hydro Extrusions	(76)	12	28	(11)	131	125	154	3	269	(47)	413
Hydro Energy	1 482	1 376	1 402	1 447	1 556	1 727	1 912	1 697	1 853	5 706	6 891
Other and Eliminations	(14 530)	(12 070)	(12 241)	(12 813)	(15 191)	(15 858)	(16 788)	(18 148)	(22 783)	(51 654)	(65 986)
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Share of profit /(loss) in equity accounted investments

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro Aluminium Metal	40	26	6	185	147	513	336	513	383	256	1 509
Hydro Metal Markets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro Extrusions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hydro Energy	(12)	(5)	(16)	(6)	(23)	(32)	(25)	(25)	(28)	(39)	(104)
Other and Eliminations	(31)	28	34	(24)	1	(20)	(31)	(15)	22	7	(65)
Total	(4)	48	24	155	125	462	280	473	377	223	1 340

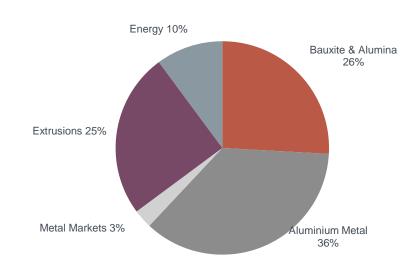


Return on average capital employed 1) (RoaCE)

			Rep	orted RoaCE						Adju	sted RoaCE			
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	11.9%	5.4%	1.9%	4.6%	8.5%	2.7%	5.3%	12.0%	5.9%	2.5%	6.0%	8.5%	2.8%	5.3%
Hydro Aluminium Metal	21.6%	1.9%	(3.9%)	5.6%	11.8%	5.2%	10.7%	28.3%	2.9%	(2.6%)	4.7%	12.6%	5.2%	11.0%
Hydro Metal Markets	24.0%	22.8%	20.7%	25.1%	18.6%	19.6%	5.4%	23.9%	21.6%	27.3%	19.4%	20.9%	15.9%	11.4%
Hydro Extrusions 2)	9.4%	1.3%	3.8%	5.3%	13.4%			10.3%	6.2%	5.7%	7.2%	6.6%		
Hydro Energy 3)	26.5%	249.5%	13.4%	18.8%	17.5%	18.1%	17.2%	25.4%	8.7%	12.9%	18.8%	17.5%	18.1%	17.3%
Hydro Group	16.3%	5.4%	(0.9%)	6.0%	11.2%	6.5%	7.5%	18.6%	3.7%	1.3%	6.6%	9.6%	5.1%	9.2%

#### Capital employed – upstream focus

NOK million	Mar 31, 2022
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	24 902
Hydro Aluminium Metal	34 728
Hydro Metal Markets	2 751
Hydro Extrusions	24 064
Hydro Energy	9 750
Other and Eliminations	(1 835)
Total	94 360



Graph excludes BNOK (1.8) in capital employed in Other and Eliminations

<sup>1)</sup> RoaCE at business area level is calculated using 25% tax rate (30% tax rate applied for years prior to 2017). For Hydro Energy, 40% tax rate is used for 2021, 80% for 2020 and 2019, 70% for 2018, 65% for 2017, 60% for 2016 and 55% for 2015.

<sup>2)</sup> Hydro Extrusions reflected as 50% equity accounted investment Q1-Q3 2017 and fully consolidated from Q4 2017

<sup>3)</sup> Hydro Energy reported RoaCE for 2020 higher than previous years due to the Lyse transaction



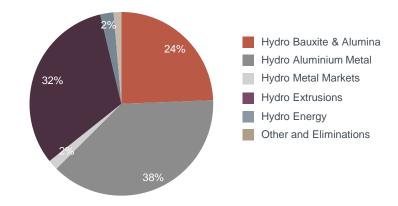
#### Depreciation, amortization and impairment

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	567	503	470	472	443	472	589	514	553	2 011	2 018
Hydro Aluminium Metal	655	1 130	589	618	694	736	756	972	605	2 992	3 158
Hydro Metal Markets	36	37	35	40	36	35	37	41	38	149	149
Hydro Extrusions	554	2 046	597	587	628	573	645	804	746	3 785	2 649
Hydro Energy	65	65	64	66	49	48	48	49	47	260	194
Other and Eliminations	32	(133)	30	27	27	28	27	31	32	(43)	113
Total	1 909	3 649	1 786	1 810	1 876	1 892	2 102	2 411	2 020	9 153	8 281

#### Indicative depreciation currency exposure by business area

Percent	USD	EUR	BRL	NOK & Other
Hydro Bauxite & Alumina			100%	
Hydro Aluminium Metal	20%	20%	10%	50%
Hydro Metal Markets	30%	55%		15%
Hydro Extrusions	35%	40%		25%
Hydro Energy				100%
Other and Eliminations	5%	30%	5%	60%

#### Depreciation by business area 2021, 8.3 BNOK



### Income statements



NOK million							Q1 2022	Q1 2021		Q4 2021	Year 2021
Revenue							46 616	31 951		46 433	149 654
Share of the profit (loss) in equity accounted investments							377	125		473	1 340
Other income, net							443	377		942	2 219
Total revenue and income							47 436	32 454		47 848	153 212
Raw material and energy expense							29 160	19 126		24 804	88 843
Employee benefit expense							5 521	5 012		5 145	20 287
Depreciation and amortization expense							2 020	1 754		2 117	7 844
Impairment of non-current assets							0	122		294	437
Other expenses							4 514	4 207		5 402	17 914
Earnings before financial items and tax (EBIT)							6 222	2 233		10 086	17 887
Finance income							85	39		104	263
Finance expense							2 108	385		541	248
Income (loss) before tax							8 416	2 657		10 730	18 397
Income taxes							(2 005)	(776)		(2 205)	(4 467)
Income (loss) from continuing operations							6 411	1 880		8 525	13 930
Income (loss) from discontinued operations							0	(380)		4	12
Net income (loss)							6 411	1 500		8 529	13 942
Net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests							671	60		1 404	1 782
Net income (loss) attributable to Hydro shareholders							5 739	1 441		7 125	12 160
Earnings per share from continuing operations							2.80	0.89		3.47	5.92
Earnings per share from discontinued operations							0.00	(0.19)		(0.00)	0.01
Earnings per share attributable to Hydro shareholders							2.80	0.70		3.47	5.93
NOV million	04 2020	02 2020	02 2020	04 2020	04 2024	02 2024	03 2024	0.4.2024	04 2022	Voor 2020	Vac: 2024

NOK million	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(1 743)	(1 487)	(111)	7 226	1 880	2 397	1 127	8 525	6 411	3 886	13 930
Net income (loss)	(2 025)	(1 471)	(221)	5 377	1 500	2 805	1 108	8 529	6 411	1 660	13 942
Adjusted net income (loss) from continuing operations	834	318	607	1 089	2 448	3 150	3 498	5 810	6 785	2 848	14 905
Earnings per share from continuing operations	(0.75)	(0.62)	(0.05)	3.40	0.89	1.06	0.50	3.47	2.80	1.99	5.92
Earnings per share attributable to Hydro shareholders	(0.88)	(0.61)	(0.11)	2.50	0.70	1.26	0.49	3.47	2.80	0.90	5.93
Adjusted earnings per share from continuing operations	0.39	0.17	0.28	0.47	1.15	1.45	1.60	2.57	3.17	1.32	6.77

### Balance sheet



NOK million	Mar 31, 2022	Dec 31, 2021	Sep 30, 2021	Jun 30, 2021	Mar 31, 2021	Dec 31, 2020	Sep 30, 2020	Jun 30, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents	21 161	22 923	18 792	20 147	15 011	17 638	17 495	15 385
Short-term investments	8 588	6 763	7 020	3 607	4 348	4 091	5 399	5 110
Trade and other receivables	25 955	20 579	19 869	19 838	16 795	18 364	20 268	18 916
Inventories	25 237	21 791	18 966	16 454	14 316	19 492	19 288	20 382
Other current financial assets	4 719	3 656	854	659	328	470	553	687
Assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	17 069	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	56 599	54 605	54 642	56 353	53 890	64 245	68 657	70 478
Intangible assets	8 986	8 725	8 852	9 174	8 796	9 357	9 903	10 262
Investments accounted for using the equity method	18 257	17 942	17 661	17 426	17 227	17 288	12 048	12 619
Prepaid pension	9 837	8 894	8 268	7 976	7 812	7 064	5 959	5 603
Other non-current assets	12 398	8 633	10 010	8 793	6 634	6 398	6 295	6 704
Total assets	191 737	174 512	164 934	160 427	162 228	164 408	165 865	166 145
Bank loans and other interest-bearing short-term debt	7 072	6 428	4 186	4 183	4 701	4 748	6 915	7 094
Trade and other payables	25 130	22 710	20 219	20 302	17 462	18 948	17 865	16 693
Other current liabilities	12 536	10 430	7 058	5 191	4 036	5 352	3 660	3 721
Liabilities included in disposal group	-	-	-	-	12 266	-	-	-
Long-term debt	21 073	21 989	25 495	24 562	23 658	24 811	25 873	26 595
Provisions	5 164	4 772	4 270	4 475	4 132	5 605	6 144	6 283
Pension liabilities	8 409	9 621	9 489	9 550	9 341	19 167	19 679	18 933
Deferred tax liabilities	5 281	3 665	4 560	4 343	3 535	3 059	2 620	2 562
Other non-current liabilities	7 564	6 516	8 701	6 276	5 393	5 273	6 215	5 401
Equity attributable to Hydro shareholders	93 906	84 064	77 535	77 908	74 745	74 279	73 833	75 633
Non-controlling interests	5 603	4 316	3 421	3 637	2 958	3 165	3 062	3 230
Total liabilities and equity	191 737	174 512	164 934	160 427	162 228	164 408	165 865	166 145

### Operational data



Hydro Bauxite & Alumina	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Alumina production (kmt)	1 531	1 442	1 074	1 410	1 540	1 586	1 579	1 600	1 519	5 457	6 305
Sourced alumina (kmt)	664	667	940	783	698	737	806	765	741	3 053	3 006
Total alumina sales (kmt)	2 140	2 243	1 990	2 122	2 269	2 349	2 355	2 655	2 251	8 495	9 628
Realized alumina price (USD) 1)	278	261	260	272	287	287	284	393	391	268	313
Implied alumina cost (USD) 2)	226	192	228	241	235	244	233	289	327	221	249
Bauxite production (kmt) 3)	2 585	2 332	1 167	2 556	2 813	2 660	2 756	2 696	2 638	8 640	10 926
Sourced bauxite (kmt) 4)	1 514	1 315	2 051	1 351	1 103	1 676	1 472	1 427	856	6 231	5 677
Adjusted EBITDA margin <sup>11)</sup>	18.3%	25.1%	10.8%	10.7%	16.6%	14.3%	15.1%	27.8%	16.1%	16.6%	19.3%
Hydro Aluminium Metal <sup>5)</sup>	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Realized aluminium price LME, USD/mt	1 758	1 579	1 596	1 792	1 994	2 210	2 419	2 675	2 662	1 685	2 317
Realized aluminium price LME, NOK/mt <sup>7)</sup>	16 658	15 689	14 712	16 364	17 008	18 528	20 910	23 087	23 542	15 870	19 819
Realized premium above LME, USD/mt <sup>6)</sup>	234	212	211	224	264	332	449	565	786	220	400
Realized premium above LME, NOK/mt <sup>6)7)</sup>	2 212	2 106	1 946	2 042	2 253	2 780	3 878	4 873	6 954	2 077	3 420
Realized NOK/USD exchange rate 7)	9.47	9.93	9.22	9.13	8.53	8.38	8.64	8.63	8.84	9.42	8.55
Implied primary cost (USD) 8)	1 450	1 400	1 450	1 425	1 500	1 525	1 450	1 600	1 550	1 425	1 500
Implied all-in primary cost (USD) 9)	1 700	1 600	1 650	1 650	1 825	1 900	1 925	2 175	2 450	1 650	1 950
Hydro Aluminium Metal production, kmt	528	509	522	532	539	561	573	571	540	2 091	2 244
Casthouse production, kmt	504	478	508	523	534	553	560	568	555	2 013	2 214
Total sales, kmt <sup>10)</sup>	577	510	548	547	599	594	583	572	600	2 182	2 347
Adjusted EBITDA margin 11)	12.3%	7.2%	4.9%	16.4%	19.6%	29.6%	42.8%	33.0%	43.0%	10.4%	31.7%

Weighted average of own production and third party contracts, excluding hedge results. The majority of the alumina is sold linked to either the LME prices or alumina index with a one month delay. Sourced alumina volumes have been re-calculated, with Q1 2018 being adjusted accordingly

<sup>2)</sup> Implied alumina cost (based on EBITDA and sales volume) replaces previous apparent alumina cash cost

<sup>3)</sup> Paragominas production, on wet basis

<sup>4) 40</sup> percent MRN offtake from Vale and 5 percent Hydro share on wet basis

<sup>5)</sup> Operating and financial information includes Hydro's proportionate share of production and sales volumes in equity accounted investments. Realized prices, premiums and exchange rates exclude equity accounted investments

<sup>6)</sup> Average realized premium above LME for casthouse sales from Hydro Aluminium Metal

<sup>7)</sup> Including strategic hedges /hedge accounting applied

<sup>8)</sup> Realized LME price minus Adjusted EBITDA margin (incl. Qatalum) per mt primary aluminium produced. Includes net earnings from primary casthouses

<sup>9)</sup> Realized all-in price minus Adjusted EBITDA margin (incl. Qatalum) per mt primary aluminium sold. Includes net earnings from primary casthouses

<sup>10)</sup> Total sales replaces previous casthouse sales due to change of definition

<sup>11)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA divided by total revenues

### Operational data



Hydro Metal Markets	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Remelt production (1 000 mt)	137	88	124	140	143	154	132	144	151	488	572
Third-party sales (1 000 mt)	79	85	85	77	77	78	72	85	72	326	311
Hydro Metal Markets sales excl. ingot trading (1 000 mt) 1)	675	606	668	672	742	735	675	681	731	2 621	2 833
Hereof external sales excl. ingot trading (1 000 mt)	554	459	526	549	588	607	573	574	610	2 088	2 342
External revenue (NOK million)	10 353	8 510	9 242	9 788	10 789	12 552	13 831	16 993	18 472	37 893	54 165
Hydro Extrusions	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Hydro Extrusions external shipments (1 000 mt)	305	224	278	291	338	342	315	301	347	1 099	1 296
Hydro Extrusions – Pro-forma adjusted EBIT per mt, NOK	2 301	398	3 214	1 755	3 680	3 706	2 629	(404)	4 568	1 999	2 482
Adjusted EBITDA margin <sup>2)</sup>	8.2%	5.6%	10.6%	7.2%	10.7%	10.5%	8.1%	3.6%	9.9%	8.0%	8.1%
Hydro Energy	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Q1 2022	Year 2020	Year 2021
Power production, GWh	2 868	2 097	3 161	3 396	2 857	2 374	1 688	2 136	2 730	11 522	9 055
Net spot sales, GWh	1 169	444	1 401	1 595	1 126	334	(401)	305	986	4 609	1 364
Nordic spot electricity price, NOK/MWh	158	62	95	148	435	423	704	969	1 090	116	634
Southern Norway spot electricity price (NO2), NOK/MWh	154	50	52	137	469	493	807	1 271	1 504	98	762
Adjusted EBITDA margin 2)	23.9%	8.5%	13.0%	22.2%	35.9%	34.4%	22.0%	49.5%	52.5%	17.9%	37.5%

<sup>1)</sup> Includes external and internal sales from primary casthouse operations, remelters and third party Metal sources 2) Adjusted EBITDA divided by total revenues

### Hydro Extrusions, information by business area

Adjusted EBITDA (NOKm)

Adjusted EBIT (NOKm)



Precision Tubing	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022	Extrusion Europe	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022
Volume (kmt)	29	17	28	33	108	35	33	30	29	127	31	Volume (kmt)	127	94	113	118	451	144	147	129	130	550	151
Operating revenues (NOKm)	1 487	931	1 360	1 583	5 361	1 718	1 742	1 715	1 822	6 997	2 091	Operating revenues (NOKm)	5 804	4 440	5 068	5 531	20 843	6 529	6 916	6 827	7 527	27 799	9 532
Adjusted EBITDA (NOKm)	118	139	167	178	602	210	173	184	56	622	184	Adjusted EBITDA (NOKm)	436	142	478	466	1 523	705	716	563	471	2 456	1 035
Adjusted EBIT (NOKm)	57	74	113	115	359	157	103	115	(38)	337	82	Adjusted EBIT (NOKm)	228	(75)	283	266	703	501	502	318	203	1 525	782
Building Systems	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022	Extrusion North America	Q1 2020	Q2 2020	Q3 2020	Q4 2020	Year 2020	Q1 2021	Q2 2021	Q3 2021	Q4 2021	Year 2021	Q1 2022
Volume (kmt)	19	17	19	20	74	21	22	20	22	85	24	Volume (kmt)	130	96	119	121	465	137	140	136	120	534	142
Operating revenues (NOKm)	2 199	1 991	2 032	2 211	8 432	2 315	2 434	2 268	2 448	9 465	2 854	Operating revenues (NOKm)	5 885	4 554	5 067	5 288	20 794	5 904	6 501	7 319	7 002	26 726	9 096
Adjusted EBITDA (NOKm)	156	206	260	171	792	245	299	212	161	918	264	Adjusted EBITDA (NOKm)	599	220	563	310	1 691	663	689	562	67	1 980	895
Adjusted EBIT (NOKm)	52	101	155	63	371	149	196	108	44	497	156	Adjusted EBIT (NOKm)	435	49	402	151	1 036	518	517	355	(238)	1 152	618

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#### Next event

### Second quarter results July 22, 2022

For more information see www.hydro.com/ir

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Industries that matter